THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1868. VOL. 29.—NO. 58

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—A Front Room in the house, No. 14 Jefferson street, suitable for cotton broker, lawyer or doctor. It adjoins the editorial room of the Appeal. Inquire of JOHN AINSLIE, at the Appeal office. oc27

HOUSE FOR RENT.—The Residence of J. Stanwood Menken on Brinkley avenue, north of Poplar street, for rent on reasonable terms. Apply to Menken Bros. oc25 1w

FOR RENT.—An elegant Residence on Union street; and two New Cottages convenient to business. Rent very low. Apply to HANSON & SWINGLEY, oc22 tf Attorneys, 15 Union street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A good chance for a baker or confectioner is to buy my place in Columbus, Ky., at the railroad depot and steamboat landing. Very good stand for retail and transit business. Lot 25 by 100, with store, bakery and a good dwelling house. Price $1000. Must be sold within a month.
FRANK KIRCHNER, Proprietor.
Columbus, Ky., October 25, 1868. o 8 2w

FOR SALE.—A good second-hand STEAM SAW MILL and fixtures, all complete. Inquire of Henry T. Jones, Adm'r of, Wm. C. Harrison, deceased, at Germantown, for terms.
HENRY T. JONES, Adm'r
oc21 law4w* of W. C. Harrison, dec'd.

FOR SALE—PATENT RIGHT.—The Patent Right of a newly invented "Lock Guard" for any State in the Union can be secured by application to the undersigned. It is useful, and will pay active man who engages in its sale. One in use at this office, where those interested can inspect it. Address
au9 tf SAM SHARSS, Appeal.

SUBURBAN LANDS AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.—My lands, 3 miles east of the city, are for sale, on terms to suit purchasers, for cash or on any time—from one to ten years, and in any quantity—from 5 acres to 500. My residence, with from 14 to 25 acres land, will be sold at a great bargain, for cash, or on the usual terms. Apply to myself, on the premises, or to Royster, Treevant & Co., my agents, in the city.
jel7 N. M. TREZEVANT.

WANTS.

WANTED.—A Lady of good character and a complete mistress and owner of a Sewing Machine, a place to sew, or would take a place in some private family. Address
oc28 tf JOHN D. ALLEN.

WANTED.—To rent, a Residence convenient to business, somewhere between Exchange and Vance streets, and not more than two or three squares from Main, containing about five or six rooms besides servants' room. Address [oc7 tf] JOHN AINSLIE.

WANTED.—By a competent man, a situation as Book-keeper or Salesman—a Cotton and Grocery house preferred. The applicant has been engaged in business in Memphis for twelve years. The best of city and country references given. Address T., care J. M. Keating, APPEAL office. se11

REWARD.

$50 REWARD.—Stolen from me on the night of the 27th inst., at Ridgeway Station, M. & C. R. R., one dark brown or black MARE MULE, 7 years old, about 15 hands high, in good order, marked with letter "O" on upper jaw, mane and tail recently trimmed up. Taken at same time, one light spring Wagon, painted dark brown, pretty much worn, with No. 388 on both sides bed dimly.
A. M. WOOD.
oc29 3t 304 Front street, Memphis.

$200 REWARD.—Information wanted of CHARLES DOW, who left home on Friday morning last, the 2d inst. He is a painter by trade; about 4 feet 6 inches in hight; heavy set; light complexion; blue eyes; heavy black moustache; had on when he left home black cloth suit and high heeled boots. Any information that may lead to his whereabouts will be thankfully received by his distressed wife, or a reward of Two Hundred Dollars will be paid for his body, if dead, as it is feared he was murdered for his money, as he was supposed to have had one thousand dollars on his person, a gold watch and a heavy gravel ring.
Mrs. MARY E. DOW,
289 Monroe street extended,
oc27-1w Memphis, Tenn.

STOLEN.

HORSE STOLEN.—On last Tuesday night, about 11 o'clock, from my lot, my riding HORSE. I followed him as far as Holly Springs and LaGrange. The thief offered him for sale in both the livery stables at Holly Springs. I am inclined to think he will make for the Mobile and Ohio Railroad. Said horse is a large bay, 17½ hands high, very broad across the hips, a little larger on the left hip than the right, left hind foot white, broad flat forehead, walks and trots well, and a No. 1 loper, very short body for a horse of his size; on the left shoulder is a brand M., and J. P. under it, and a J. P. on the left hip; saddle and harness marks around his girth, a scar on one of his ankles. I don't recollect which; made a little worn by collar. I will give fifty Dollars for the recovery of the horse or any information so that I will get him again, or One Hundred Dollars for the thief and horse.
F. J. BOYDT.
Sardis, Miss., October 1, 1868. oc6 1m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THERE will be a meeting of the Incorporators and Stockholders of the Memphis, Holly Springs, Okalona and Selma Railroad, at Okalona, on MONDAY, November 9th, for the purpose of organization. A prompt and full attendance is expected.
oc15 N. B. FORREST, President, pro tem.

Notice.

I HAVE a good EIGHTY SAW PRATT GIN, which I will sell cheap. I refer to Messrs. Galbreath, Stewart & Co.
se8 w A. WRIGHT.

Notice.

I HAVE two beautiful and well improved Plantations in Lee county, Ga., within three miles of the city of Albany, bounded by one of the best railroads in the State, and a fine Lot and commodious Dwelling in the city, which I will gladly sell or exchange for other property, nearer to me.
ap18 A. WRIGHT.

LAWYERS.

JOHN P. CARUTHERS. WM. J. SYKES.
CARUTHERS & SYKES,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Ayres Building,
East Side Court Square, Memphis, Tenn.
oc16 1m

MARLAND L. PERKINS,
Attorney at Law
—AND—
SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY,
Rooms 5 & 6 Knickerbocker Building,
16 MADISON STREET, : MEMPHIS, TENN
Special attention given to Internal Revenue and Admiralty cases. ma24

ALBERT PIKE, CHARLES W. ADAMS, L. H. PIKE
PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE,
Attorneys, Solicitors & Proctors
ATTEND to cases in the different Courts sitting at Memphis, and in the river counties of Arkansas.
The Senior partner will hereafter especially attend to cases in the Supreme Court of Tennessee, and in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims of the United States at Washington, being of the firm of PIKE & JOHNSON, of that city.
Office in the MADAM VINCENT BLOCK, corner of Court and Second streets.

ALBERT PIKE. ROBERT W. JOHNSON.
PIKE & JOHNSON,
Attorneys, Counsellors & Solicitors
WASHINGTON, D. C.
THIS firm will practice in the United States Supreme Court and Court of Claims, and will attend to the recovery of debts, accounts and claims against the Government or individuals, and to business before Congress or the Departments.
The senior member of the firm (late of the Memphis Appeal) has long been known in the highest courts of the country; and the junior has had large experience in departmental and other business during many years of public service in the House and Senate. They offer their best and faithful services to those who may need them. jy5-sep9 1y

S. WRIGHT, L. D. M'KISICK. LUKE E. WRIGHT.
WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,
IN the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

DAILY APPEAL

YEARLY SUBSCRIPTION
$10 00,
A REDUCTION OF
$2 00 PER YEAR.
Send in your Orders.

ACROSTIC.

The Radical Principles of the Principal Radicals.

R evel, ye Rads, on the spoils of the Treasury,
A ser your creed from the truth to hypocrisy,
D own with our foes, we can crush them with
t eachery—
I n its dark shades we'll hurl the Democracy,
C rown some big moke—we want negro supremacy,
A nd let him reign on the ruins of liberty.
L et us establish a black aristocracy,
S andwich the whites between tax and our
Deity.

ART, MUSICAL AND LITERARY ITEMS.

—Chicago has an art journal.

—"Nabucco" was the first opera of Verdi's that was not hissed.

—The primary schools of London are required to give elementary art instruction.

—London, with 3,500,000 inhabitants, supports ten schools of art, which are attended by 3000 students.

—Offenbach has contracted to furnish a Paris theater three acts a year, at $10,000 per annum, for five years.

—Mr. Longfellow is ransacking the libraries and book-stores of Paris for rare works to enrich his library at home.

—Mr. Wasson's paper on "Epic Philosophy" in the *North American*, was first read before the Religious Club of Boston.

—Mr. William Oland Bourne wishes it to be distinctly understood that the celebrated "Flaunting Lie" belongs to him.

—M. Hippeau, the French scholar, who has just come to America, is a professor of many years' standing, and an author of repute.

—The "Notun Panjika," a nautical astrological almanac, published in the Bengal language at Serampore, meets with an extensive sale.

—Tietjens is so attached to Hamburg that she will not come to America; but as she is a homely, manly sort of girl, America will suppress her emotion.

—Despite his eighty-seven years, Auber, the great French composer, has preserved the full vigor and freshness of his mental faculties.

—Almost the first money which Verdi raised was invested in the purchase of the house which had belonged to his parents.

—Verdi, the celebrated Italian composer, has purchased the village of Busetto, where he was born, and has built a free theater there.

—Solon Wilder, of Boston, and George F. Root, of Chicago, were the conductors at the recent annual musical festival at Worcester, Mass.

—Miranda, the English tenor who sang in this country some years ago, has set out on a tour around the world, to end with this country.

—Schumann's Manfred, with choruses by the Leiderkranz, and recitation by Edwin Booth, is to be the feature of the present Philharmonic campaign.

—The Paris *Levue Dramatique* says Tietjens was jealous of Kellogg, and wouldn't sing with her, which rather discomfited Manager Mapleson.

—Auerbach calls his new novel, "The Villa on the Rhine," his masterpiece. He has sold advance sheets to publishers in six different countries.

—Mr Edwin White's forthcoming historical picture—"The Signing of the Compact on Board the Mayflower"—promises to be his finest painting.

—Mr. Derby, of New York, has purchased Rosenberg's painting of "Long Branch by Moonlight," as one of the leading attractions for the Derby Atheneum.

—The old "Handel and Hadyn" of Boston will perform Handel's Judas Maccabæus on the Saturday evening after Thanksgiving, and Mendelssohn's Elijah the next night.

—Miss Bateman appeared Monday night in the character of *Leah* at the Haymarket Theater, London. There was an immense house, and great enthusiasm.

—Mlle. Mallinger, the rising star of the German opera, offers the Bavarian Government an engagment for ten years at the rate of ten thousand florins for a year, five month's vacation, and a pension of five thousand florins a year for life when this engagement is fulfilled.

—The new President of Princeton College is thus described by the Philadelphia *Ledger*: Dr. McCosh, though he has been but a few days at Princeton, has won the hearts of the students. He is a man of remarkably good presence, tall and commanding, in the full vigor of health, and altogether a fine specimen of the handsome, intellectual man. Both his dress and address betoken the thorough-bred, accomplished and kind-hearted gentleman. The way in which he gained the affection of the boys at first sight gives promise of a popular and successful administration.

THE SOUTH FOR PEACE.

Lawlessness and Violence Reprobated—Address to the People of South Carolina.

Fellow-Citizens: As members of your State Executive Committee—a body which represents nearly every white citizen of South Carolina—we feel it our duty to invoke your earnest efforts in the cause of peace and the preservation of order. We beg you to unite with us in reprobating these recent acts of violence, resulting in the death of Martin, Randolph and Nance, by which a few lawless men have brought discredit on the character of our people, though provocation in these cases may have been given. No cause can prosper which calls murder to its assistance, or which looks to assassination for success. "The idea of assassination," said George McDuffie, "is so absolutely abhorrent to all the feelings, the Christian feelings of modern times, and of such pernicious tendency, that I feel it to be my duty unequivocally to express my utter abhorrence of any proceeding that may have the remotest tendency to suggest it. Such a course is not only obnoxious to the feelings of every honorable man, from its moral atrocity, but from its political tendency."

Listen to the words of that patriot, which seem to come from his grave, to warn the people whom he loved so devotedly. We can add nothing to the weight of this great authority. We can only appeal to you to support the laws, to preserve the peace and to denounce those crimes which have so recently been committed in some portions of our State. We speak in behalf of the Conservative and law-abiding portion of the people, who constitute, we feel assured, nearly our entire white population, and in their name we express emphatically our abhorrence of such acts; and we pledge ourselves to give all the assistance in our power to suppress them. We adjure all who love their State, of all classes, white and black, to be peaceable and quiet, to lend their efforts to promote harmony and to quell dissension. We ask those who are opposed to us politically to unite with us to check and discountenance all incendiary language, whether uttered in public or private, and to join us in the efforts we are making for the preservation of peace, the supremacy of law and the maintenance of order. Lawlessness will endanger the peace of the whole State, and will surely bring disaster to all classes. Let us all then, however we may differ in politics, devote all our energies to maintain the good character of our State, and to promote a better feeling among our whole people.

WADE HAMPTON, Chairman.
JOSEPH DANIEL POPE.
J. P. THOMAS.
W. B. STANLEY.
WM. M. SHANNON.
W. D. PORTER.
THEO. G. BARKER.

EXPRESS ROBBERS.

The Noted Marshfield Robbers Reno and Anderson in Jail.

From the Louisville Courier of the 30th.]

The two notorious Indiana express robbers, Frank Reno and Charles Anderson, arrived in our city yesterday morning in custody of Mr. Weir, the Cincinnati agent of Adams Express Company, accompanied by two guards. The prisoners were brought to this point in order to insure their safety from mob violence. The Canadian authorities turned them over to the United States authorities with the distinct understanding that they should receive every protection that the law could afford them, and a fair trial by a jury of their countrymen. The prisoners are safely confined in our jail, and will be removed at the proper time to Indiana for trial.

The Cincinnati *Chronicle* of Wednesday evening had the following in regard to these noted prisoners:

Two of the most notorious of these gentry—Frank Reno and Charles Anderson—are now confined in the "dark cell" (which, by the way, is the lightest one in the station-house), at Ninth street stationhouse. They await the convenience of the Adams Express officers to remove them to Lexington, Ind., en route, doubtless, for the famous "beech tree." The Express Company have entire control of their prisoners, Capt. Ruffin not only furnishing them the key to the cell, but the room also.

The New Albany *Ledger* of last evening makes the following remarks on the above announcement:

The fate of these men is nothing more to us than that of any other two criminals. But we must protest against the propriety of allowing the Express Company officers having control of the prisoners. It is an outrage against law and decency which the officers of the law should not permit.

We understand that the prisoners will be brought to this city for safe keeping, unless their custodians have determined to hand them over to mob law while they are professedly en route for this point.

It seems to us that the Express Company have shown every disposition to do simple justice in this matter, and they have fully evinced it in bringing the prisoners to our city, where there is no danger from mob law. The Indiana authorities will be consulted regarding the safety of the prisoners before they are removed to that State. It is not at all probable that the prisoners will be taken to the New Albany jail, nor is there any danger of their falling into the hands of the Jackson county mob. If we mistake not, the two brothers, Simeon and Wm. Reno, are now confined in the jail at New Albany on the same charge. The sheriff of Scott county will, no doubt, have full control of the two prisoners in our jail, and they will be subject to his order, in accordance with the law. The crime was committed in Scott county, and the sheriff of that county has the right to designate the jail in which the prisoners shall be confined. If we are not mistaken, the law requires the sheriff to commit prisoners to the nearest jail, in cases where they would be unsafe in the jail of the county where the crime was committed. In this case Madison would be the nearest jail to Scott county, and it may be that the prisoners will be taken to that point. In any event they will be fully protected against mob violence, and have a fair trial.

BROWNLOW.

He Applauds a Cowardly and Murderous Assault.

From the Knoxville Whig.]

Last week, Wm. C. Nelson, of Monroe county, met John M. Fleming, the chief editor of the *Press and Herald*, on Gay street, and in a bold and manly manner thrashed him most unmercifully with a hickory stick. Fleming had previously published an editorial in his paper, in which he denounced Nelson as a thief, a swindler, a perjured villain, a traitor to his country, and a scoundrel, generally. We have known Nelson intimately from his boyhood, first as a Whig and then as a Union man. He is the son of an honest and upright man. His raising, education, conduct and character do not warrant the application of any such epithets to him. We therefore pronounce the beating Nelson gave Fleming well-timed and merited. He might have done more and still been justified in the eyes of his friends. To have done less would have disappointed their expectations. That paper has blackguarded and vilified private citizens, ministers of the gospel, and prominent members of the Radical party, until forbearance towards its villainous conductors has ceased to be a virtue. In the brief term of three months, all three of its editors have been publicly chastised in the streets of Knoxville, as they richly deserved. They have been accustomed, for the last twelve months, to publish all manner of slanders against leading members of the Radical party, many of which they themselves did not believe one word concerning, but *knew them to be false* at the time they published them with *approval*. In all such cases they have fortified themselves behind some second class blackguard, grogshop bully or would-be assassin, who would forthwith issue a card announcing themselves the authors and ready to give satisfaction to those who might feel themselves aggrieved.

The Radicals of Knoxville and vicinity desire to keep the peace. They have endeavored to do so. They have been drawn into these and similar personalities reluctantly. But they have now reached the point when they will no longer submit to gross outrages upon their names and characters. The time has come when all this must cease. They give due notice, and those concerned will do well to heed it. Hitherto forbearance, under these repeated insults and taunts, has been imputed to cowardice. We warn the utterers of those infamous lies and slanders that they have already tempted them too far, and that upon their own *heads* be the consequences if they persist. SENIOR EDITOR.

COMMERCIAL LAW.

What Constitutes Delivery—Important Decision.

From the N. Y. Commercial List.]

As the question of what constitutes the delivery of goods from a vessel has long been the subject of controversy between shipowners and consignees of cargoes, and has led to an endless repetition of litigation, a recent decision of Judge Blatchford, of the United States District Court of New York, in an action against the steamer Santee, to recover for a short delivery of cotton in 1866, is of special interest to the commercial community. It appears that one hundred and forty-two bales of cotton were shipped from Mobile by the steamer Santee, to Sawyer, Wallace & Co., of this city, for which the customary bills of lading, containing the following clause, were issued: "It is expressly understood that the articles named in this bill of lading shall be at the risk of the owner, shipper, or consignee thereof, as soon as delivered from the tackles of the steamer at her port of destination (the Collector of the port being hereby authorized to grant a general order of discharge immediately after the entry of the ship,) and they shall be received either at New York or Brooklyn, by the consignee thereof, package by package, as so delivered, and, if not taken away the same day by him, they may (at the option of the steamer's agents) be sent to store, or permitted to lay where landed at the expense and risk of the aforesaid owner, shipper or consignee." Besides this cotton, the steamer had five hundred and sixty-eight bales for other consignees. On the discharge of the vessel only one hundred and twenty-nine of the one hundred and forty-two bales, specified in the aforementioned bills of lading, were found to correspond with the marks and numbers; whereupon Sawyer, Wallace & Co. brought an action to recover $5000, the alleged value of the missing thirteen bales of cotton, on the ground that the mode of delivery was irregular, or contrary to usage.

The pith of the argument of Judge Blatchford, in summing up, is shown in the following comprehensive extract: "The general law in the case of an ordinary bill of lading, containing merely the usual clause for delivery to the consignee at the port named, is well established, that delivery on the wharf of the goods transported by the vessel is sufficient, provided due notice be given to the consignee, and provided also the different consignments are properly separated, so as to be open to inspection by their respective owners, and a fair opportunity is afforded to the consignee to remove his goods, but that the carrier is responsible for the value of the goods if he delivers them to the wrong person, even though by mistake or imposition." After demonstrating conclusively that the contract was a plain one, that the libelants had it entirely in their power to comply with its terms, by stationing a proper person to watch for their cotton as it left the tackles of the vessel for the wharf, supporting his position by copious quotations from analogous decisions, the Judge dismissed the libel with costs.

POLITICS.

What It Costs the Country in Loss of Time.

The Richmond *Whig*, in an editorial on this subject, says:

"The truth is, that we all, at the North and at the South, waste more of our time on this unprofitable subject than we bestow upon our leading industries; and we are drawn into it by the comparatively few men who make politics a trade. Statistics and economists have calculated with precision the annual losses in material wealth consequent upon floods, fires convulsions of nature, accidents and various other causes; but we are not aware that any of them have estimated the much greater loss in America by the almost universal waste of time in attention to politics. The subject is a large one, and we do not propose more than its simple suggestion. But we venture to say that at the South, in the last four years, this loss has been frightful."

To which the Philadelphia *Inquirer* responds:

The loss at the North, by reason of attention to politics, is, of course, very considerable. There are certain men who make the pursuit of office a business, but in comparison to our whole population they are but few. The North does not lose much time in politics. In the cities our political meetings are at night, and do not interfere with the usual hours of labor. In the country, one afternoon meeting in a campaign will serve for a wide area of ground.

People may talk politics at their work, but they work notwithstanding. The greatest losses entailed by politics in the North are in the cost of political demonstrations. These sums are made up by contribution, and if they go out of one set of Northern pockets, they go into another set of Northern pockets. Individuals may voluntarily pay the expenses of political processions or amusements, but the community is no poorer.

Of the negroes the *Whig* says:

"Heretofore our white population alone interested themselves in this subject, and the laboring class, knowing nothing about it, and caring nothing for it, pursued their usual labors without diversion. The great work of agriculture, and of such manufactures as were carried on by black labor, knew no interruption. But in the last four years a large share of the time of both classes has been given to politics. If this time had been devoted to our industries, we would all have been worth threefold more than we are now worth, and the aggregate of wealth would have been trebled. And what have we gained? Literally nothing. Our loss has been a clear one."

As a result of these truly sensible deductions, the *Whig*, says the Philadelphia *Inquirer*, is of the opinion that the South has increased and aggravated the political disabilities and industrial burdens which she sought to get rid of, by active participation in political movements. And the South has also experienced the "loss of material and the waste of productive industry involved in the sacrifice of our time and energies to politics." These conclusions lead the *Whig* to recommend that profit should be gained from the lesson, and that the Southern people shall henceforth resolve to devote their time and energies to business.

A FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.

Fall of a Church—One Man Fatally Injured and Another Wounded.

From the Burlington (Iowa) Hawk Eye, 18th.]

A frightful accident occurred at the new German Methodist Church, on the corner of Seventh and Washington streets, about two o'clock on Saturday afternoon. Workmen were engaged in elevating the spire, which is some forty feet long and weighs about 3000 pounds. The spire, or steeple, had been built inside of the tower, and was being raised to its place with blocks and tackle. When it was up to within three feet of its position, a hook on an iron block broke and the whole concern came down with crushing weight, going through two or three tiers of joists to the ground. Mr. John L. Hill, of the firm of Hill & Ditmer, carpenters, was inside the tower and near the base of the spire when the accident occurred. He was terribly bruised, but caught or lodged on a broken joist some thirty or forty feet from the ground. He hung there for five or more minutes, but before assistance could get to him he fell, striking among the rubbish below. He was shockingly cut and bruised about the head and chest, and it was thought also that the base or back part of his skull was cracked.

A. P. Armstrong, another workman, was standing in the corner of the tower, on the ground, holding a rope, when the accident occurred. How he escaped with his life, seemed almost a miracle. He was stunned and bruised somewhat, but unless some internal injury should develop itself, he will probably soon recover.

Mr. Hill was living, had recovered his consciousness, and was able to speak at seven o'clock. His physicians, however, had little or no hope of his recovery. He is an industrious, worthy man, living on South Seventh street, having a wife and two children.

The iron hook that broke had a flaw in it at the place where it came in two, extending fully half way through it. This accident should be a warning to builders and others who handle heavy timbers and weights, and are apt to be thoughtless and insensible to danger. A little care would save many valuable limbs and lives.

OWNERS WANTED.

FOR one Sorrel Stallion, consigned to "Wm. Plummer for Dr. Caldwell," received per steamer Argonaut, No. 2, October 8, 1868; also, for one box merchandise, marked J, Memphis, received per steamer Darling, October 15, 1868; also, for two boxes Canned Fruit, marked J. F., consigned to James Powers, Memphis, received per steam-r Silver Moon, October 21, 1868; also, for six dozen split-bottom Chairs, marked H. Phillips, Memphis, received per steamer Julia, April 8, 1868. If not called for within ten days will be sold to pay charges.
oc27 LARRY BARMSTAD, Agent, 7½ Madison street.

Removal.

ONLEY & DUVAL have removed their law office to the Southwest Corner of Monroe and Second streets. oct15 1m

CLOTHING.

MANUFACTORY
No 13 Barclay Street, N. Y.

A. W. SPROULE & CO.,
No. 74 Fourth Street St. Louis.

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE,
Cor. Fourth and Main Sts., Louisville.

SPROULE & M'COWN,
No. 84 St. Charles Street, New Orleans.

SPROULE & M'COWN,
Corner Washington and Crawford Streets, Vicksburg.

SPROULE & M'COWN
221
MAIN STREET
UNDER
WORSHAM HOUSE,
MEMPHIS,
ARE NOW RECEIVING
—THEIR—
FALL & WINTER
STOCK OF GENTS'
FINE CLOTHING
—AND—
Furnishing Goods.
Deal Exclusively in Fine
Custom-Made Goods.
HAVING AMPLE MEANS, WE
BUY EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH,
AND HAVING
NO MANUFACTURERS' PROFIT TO PAY
AND EVERY
Facility the Market Affords,
WE WILL MAKE IT
TO THE ADVANTAGE OF ALL
TO BUY
FIRST CLASS GOODS
SPROULE & McCOWN,
221 MAIN STREET,
Under Worsham House,
Memphis, Tennessee.

COTTON---COMMISSION.

WM. H. ANDREWS,
Grocer
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
280 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, - - - - TENN.
se1-20 3m

C. DICKMANN, New Orleans. WM. KEENAN HILL, Memphis.
DICKMANN & HILL,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 38 Union Street, : : New Orleans

WM. KEENAN HILL, Memphis. C. DICKMANN, New Orleans.
W. K. HILL & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
Grocers & Commission Merchants
—DEALERS IN—
Plantation Supplies Generally,
NO. 320 FRONT STREET, MEMPHIS, TENN

REFERRING to the above cards, we respectfully solicit consignments of Cotton and other Country Produce. Will make liberal Cash Advances on Consignments to either house. All consignments shipped by river will be covered by insurance, and while in store, unless otherwise instructed.
FOR SALE. A general stock of Groceries and Plantation Supplies at low market rates, consisting of BAGGING, IRON TIES, ROPE, TWINE, BACON, PORK, LARD, COFFEE, SUGARS, MOLASSES, MEAL, WHISKY, WOODWARE, etc. Respectfully,
W. K. HILL & CO.,
au12 3m No. 320 Front street

R. A. MOON,
Cotton Factor, Produce and Commission Merchant,
352 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn., Commercial Block.

THANKFUL for the patronage of the past season (far exceeding anything I could have reasonably expected under the circumstances), it affords me pleasure to solicit your services to the planting community seeking Memphis as a market for the sale of their Cotton and other Products. My personal attention will be devoted to the sale of all Consignments from my friends. My charges, as heretofore, for selling Cotton, will be *One Dollar per Bale* for *Commissions*. Consignments in transit or in store insured in my Open Policy, unless instructed to the contrary. Liberal advances, and supplies of all kinds furnished at the lowest cash prices.
sep12 daw3m R. A. MOON.

H. FITZGERALD, Gallatin. C. C. BILL, Memphis. J. T. JEFFERSON, Memphis.
H. FITZGERALD & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merch'ts
Agents for the Sale of Sheeting, Cotton Yarns and Osnaburgs, Dupont's Gunpowder, and Printing Paper,
274 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
sep13 3m

J. C. NEELY. S. H. BROOKS. H. M. NEELY.
BROOKS, NEELY & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers
COTTON FACTORS,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
PLANTATION SUPPLIES,
BOAT AND BAR STORES,
No. 276 Front Street,
(Between Court and Madison,)
MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.
aug8 3m

WM. VESEY. J. T. CARTWRIGHT.
VESEY & CARTWRIGHT,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 299 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

COTTON, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Wines and Liquors always on hand, and for sale at the lowest market rates. Agents for Madison XX A. e. oc25 1m

J. T. FARGASON. J. R. TALBERT, OF MISSISSIPPI, WITH C. C. CLAY
FARGASON & CLAY,
[Successors to Fargason, Cordes & Co.
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
AND GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 330 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, - - - TENN.
Cash advances made on consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished. se8 6m

C. C. PARTEE, Late Vernon, Partee & Clay. Memphis, Tenn. R. FRANK HARBERT,
Capt. J. S. CARUTHERS,
—WITH—
PARTEE & HARBERT,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
AND GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
No. 11 Union Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.
Cash advances made on consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished. sep1 3m

J. J. RAWLINGS. J. L. WEBB. J. L. RAWLINGS.
J. J. RAWLINGS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 254 Front Street.
UP STAIRS, - - - MEMPHIS, TENN.
We will sell all COUNTRY PRODUCE consigned to us. an13 3m

JOHN S. TOOF. CHAS. J. PHILLIPS. F. M. MAHAN
TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
And dealers in
Plantation & Family Supplies.
WINES AND LIQUORS,
No. 226 Front Street, Memphis

PARTICULAR attention paid to the storage and sale of Cotton on Commission. All consignments covered by our Open Policy of Insurance, while in transit, unless otherwise instructed.
Our stock of Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties and Plantation Supplies is full and complete, and will always be furnished on as reasonable terms as can be had in the city.
TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
sep1 No. 226 Front street.

HUGH TORRANCE,
COTTON FACTOR
—AND—
Gen'l Commission Merchant,
NO. 10 JEFFERSON ST., TITUS BLOCK,
OPPOSITE COMMERCIAL HOTEL,
MEMPHIS, - - - - TENNESSEE
sep15 1m

B. J. SEMMES & CO.,
Irving Block, 254 Second St., Memphis, Tenn.,
HAVE FOR SALE IN STORE OR IN BOND,
800 BARRELS
YANNISSEE, WESTMORELAND,
AND OTHER BRANDS WHISKY.
oct11-au14 6m daw

ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO.,
COTTON AND TOBACCO FACTORS
—AND—
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
HANOVER BUILDINGS, - - HANOVER SQUARE, NEW YORK.
Advances made on Shipments to Liverpool and London. oc24 1m

SOUTHERN FURNITURE HOUSE!
McKINNEY, BRYSON & CO.,
NO. 228 MAIN STREET,
MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENNESSEE.

MCKINNEY, BRYSON & CO., are now in receipt of their usual fall supply of FURNITURE, CARPETS, etc., at greatly Reduced Prices, and which they offer for sale at prices beyond competition in this or any other market. Their stock of

Rosewood, Walnut, Mahogany and Oak Antique and Modern Parlor, Bedroom, Library, Dining and Hall Furniture

is the most extensive and best assorted in the South, together with every variety of COUNTING HOUSE AND OFFICE FURNITURE. To Wholesale Dealers we offer great inducements, having at all times a large stock of common Bedsteads, Bureaus, Safes, Tables, Chairs, Mattresses, etc., purchased specially for the trade.
In their Carpet and Upholstery Department will at all times be found a complete assortment of

Royal Medallion Velvet Carpets,
Tapestry Velvet Carpets,
Body and Tapestry Brussels Carpets,
Three-ply and Ingrain Carpets,
Dutch Wool and Hemp Carpets,
Venitian Twilled, 3-4 and 4-4 wide,
Rugs, Crumb Cloths, Floor and Stair Linen,
Stair Rods and Plates, Cocoa, Manilla,
Canton and Cane Mattresses, Etc.

A full line of CURTAIN MATERIALS, WINDOW SHADES, CORNICES, Etc.
French and German Brocatelle; Satin Delaines and Silk Striped Damasks; Worsted and Cotton Damask.
French Lace Curtains, Nottingham Curtains, Window Cornices, Curtain Bands, Hooks, and a great variety of Trimmings.
WINDOW SHADES OF ALL COLORS, from 6 feet to 15 feet long; Buff Green and White Hollands for Shades.
FRENCH PLATE LOOKING GLASSES, Pier, Mantel, Oval, Cheval, in price from $75 to $600 per pair; also, common Looking Glasses in frames, from 25 cents to $8 50 each; Looking Glass Plates from 17 by 10 to 40 by 20.
Also, MATTRESSES, Spring, Hair, Moss, Cotton, Jenny Lind, Excelsior and Shuck Mattresses on hand and made to order.
Parties furnishing houses entire or in part, will find it to their interest, and should not fail to look through our stock of goods before buying elsewhere. They are prepared to furnish either cabin or palace.
Goods carefully packed for shipping.
Carpets made up and put down on short notice. Lambregains and Full Curtains made and put up.
All articles warranted as represented. Address,
McKINNEY, BRYSON & CO.,
No. 228 Main Street.
SAM'L J. CAMP. P. H. BRYSON. JAS. W. McKINNEY.
oct11 1m

S. B. WILLIAMSON. N. HILL. N FONTAINE.
WILLIAMSON, HILL & CO.,
WHOLESALE
GROCERS, COTTON FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
326 Front Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

IN view of the near approach of the Fall season, it affords us much pleasure in again being able to call the attention of our friends and the public at large to our recently enlarged stock of Goods, comprising in part as follows:

100 hhds Bacon Sides,	500 pcs Kentucky Bagging,	200 bbls ass'd Ref. Sugars,
300 bbls Pork,	100 coils Machine Rope,	100 sacks Coffee,
20 hhds B Shoulders,	40 tons Iron Ties,	100 bbls Molasses,

And all such articles usual in our line of business.
As heretofore, Mr. HILL (of our firm) will give his undivided attention to the sale of all Cotton consigned to us, and hope to be able to give such satisfaction as has met his efforts on previous occasions. au30 3m

D. B. FORSTER. CHAS. W. KEALHOFER. THOS. DA
FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.,
GROCERS, COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
209 Main Street, 4 Doors North of Adams, Memphis, Tenn
sep17 3m

VEHICLES.

WOODRUFF & CO.
No. 179 Main Street,
Memphis : : : : Tennessee.

—DEALERS IN—
CARRIAGES
ROCKAWAYS, BAROUCHES,
Park Phætons, Buggies, Wagons
AND ALL KINDS OF
Carriage and Wagon Material,
Iron, Springs, Axles, Bolts,
SPOKES, HUBS,
Enameled Leather, Enameled Duck
Cloths, Damask, Carpets,
White Lead, Paints and Oils,
All of which are offered at low prices.
sep6 3m

TAILORS.

MURRAY & RIDGELY,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
31 Madison Street,
HAVE just received their magnificent and beautiful assortment of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS
The best and handsomest ever brought to this market. Our friends and the public will please accept our thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon us. Hoping to merit a continuance of the same in the future, we invite them all to call and examine our stock.
We have engaged the services of Major J. H. RIDDICK, formerly of J. H. Waggener & Co.'s, and he will be pleased to see and wait on his numerous friends. sep18 3m

DRY GOODS.

WALKER BROS. & CO.,
Wholesale Agents for the Celebrated
NORWICH MOLDED COLLARS
MOLDED EQUAL IN EVERY RESPECT TO the Gray Collar, and is the only Paper Collar made that can be
Cleaned with Soap and Water
WITHOUT INJURING.
oct8 tf 229 MAIN STREET.

LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.
Cash Cash!
WE are daily receiving very heavy shipments of
Fall and Winter Goods,
—EMBRACING—
English, French and American Dress Fabrics,
Southern Made Osnaburgs, Shirtings and Sheetings,
Cotton, Wool and Silk Hosiery and Gloves,
10, 11 and 12 1-4 Bed Blankets,
ante a and all Wool Flannels,
—AND—
A General Assortment of Notions.
TERMS CASH.
ONE PRICE.
NO DEVIATION.
We have suspended ALL accounts (except to Merchants), and have reduced our prices. We sell FOR CASH, and hope no one will ask time on purchase. HOWELL, WOOD & CO.
SOUTHERN PALACE,
sep3 3m 302 Main street.

SADDLERY, ETC.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS.
BRIDLES,
WHIPS,
SADDLERY,
HARDWARE,
TRUNKS, Etc.
AT REDUCED RATES.
C. B. CARR, J. C. & CO.
177 Main street,
Sign of the Golden Stirrup,
Woodruff Block.
sep1 tf

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

SATURDAY MORNING OCT. 31, 1868

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President.....HORATIO SEYMOUR.
For Vice-President.....FR NK P. BLAIR.

TENNESSEE.

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

For Congress.....JOHN W. LEFTWICH.
For Elector.....W. W. VAUGHAN.

ELECTORAL TICKET.

FOR THE STATE AT LARGE.

EMERSON ETHERIDGE, of Weakley.
EDMUND COOPER, of Bedford.

FOR THE DISTRICTS.

First District—*A. A. KYLE.*
Second District—*J. M. CLEMENTSON, of Knox.*
Third District—*F. A. JAMES of Hamilton.*
Fourth District—*A. A. STEELE of Marshall.*
Fifth District—*F. C. CAHILL, of Davidson.*
Sixth District—*ELIJAH WALKER, of Wayne.*
Seventh District—*H. J. TURNER of Lauderdale.*
Eighth District—*W. W. VAUGHN, of Haywood.*

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE OF TENNESSEE.

GEORGE J. STURBLEFIELD, Chairman.

First District—*J. P. HOLTZINGER, of Greene.*
Second District—*J. WILLIAMS, of Knoxville.*
Third District—*E. A. JAMES of Chattanooga.*
Fourth District—*J. H. THOMPSON, of Shelbyville.*
Fifth District—*W. M. BROWN, J. P. JONES, L. F. REACH, A. ROBERTS and JAMES T. DUNLAP, of Nashville.*
Sixth District—*D. B. THOMAS of Johnsonville.*
Seventh District—*H. F CUMMINS of Paris.*
Eighth District—*M. D. L. STEWART, of Memphis.*

DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEES FOR WEST TENNESSEE.

FOR EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

P. T. SCRUGGS, Shelby County.
Dr. DANIEL E. WARREN, Fayette County.
W. W. McCURLEY, Hardeman County.
J. W. PACE, McNairy County.
J. J. BIGGINS, Madison County.
JAMES P. WOOD, Haywood County.
D. C. SLAUGHTER, Tipton County.

FOR SHELBY COUNTY.

WILLIAM R. HUNT, JESSE W. PAGE, Jr., ROBERT GOOD, A. SEESSEL, A. WOODWARD, N. S BRUCE, PAUL CICALLA.

ELECTION TICKETS.

Members of the Democratic Party in the Eighth Congressional District will be supplied with Election Tickets, in any quantities, on application to JESSE W. PAGE, Jr., W. R. HUNT, or any other member of the Democratic Committee of the County of Shelby.

MANY newspapers are discussing the way in which GRANT, if elected, will give the country "peace." GARFIELD, his spokesman in Ohio, settled that point weeks ago, when he said that GRANT'S "peace" meant "a little piece of triangular steel called, a bayonet."

IF we would have peace, if we would have a reduction of Government expenses, if we would have the provisions of the Constitution adhered to, if we would lessen the 60,000 official cormorants and thieves thronging the country like a swarm of buzzards in quest of prey, we must elect SEYMOUR and BLAIR.

THE Democratic platform may be thus briefly expressed: The Union and the Constitution—civil and religious liberty — equal rights and equal laws for all—no disfranchisement of adopted citizens—decrease of the national debt and diminution of the taxes—respect for the popular will as expressed at the ballot box—law and order—one country, one brotherhood, one destiny!

THE SECRET of the Radical sensation dispatch to the Louisville *Courier* lies in the fact that it takes the same "specials" as the Radical Cincinnati *Commercial*. We advise the *Courier* to drop that arrangement. It will kill it with its Southern friends if continued in such dispatches as that giving Tennessee to the Radicals by 20,000 votes. It is hardly Democratic to play into the hands of the Radicals in that style.

CITIZENS of Memphis and Shelby county, remember on Tuesday next that the East has monopolized, through its manipulation of a Radical Congress, the National Bank currency. Remember that at the East money goes begging for borrowers, and draws low interest; that in Tennessee where there are few banks, the people pay from 12 to 20 per cent., and even at these rates cannot get half her trade demands and the movement of her crops call for. Remember this simple fact when you approach the polls to cast your vote.

COLFAX, the Radical candidate for the Vice-Presidency, was a Know Nothing in 1854. He was a delegate from Indiana to the great Know-Nothing Convention at Philadelphia. He swore faithfully to persecute relentlessly every Irish, German and American Roman Catholic. He swore never to support any one of these for any office, but to do his best to prevent their ever holding any official position in the United States. On the 3d of November naturalized citizens would do well to remember this, and to see to it that COLFAX is not elected to fill the office to which he aspires.

A VOTE for Grant is a vote in favor of the disfranchisement of white men. It is a vote to perpetuate negro rule at the South. It is a vote against equal taxation. It is a vote in favor of the degradation of the poor man. It is a vote to make the poor poorer, and the rich richer. It is a vote in favor of the corruption and extravagance of Congress. It is a vote against the Constitution of the country. It is a vote in favor of a standing army and the Freedmen's Bureau. It is a vote in favor of the doctrine that a national debt is a national blessing.

COMPTROLLER BLACKBURN'S reports for the two and a half years ending September 30, 1867, show the following:

Receipts	$3,564,275 55
Expenses	2,438,99 29
Excess	$1,125,876 13

The *Union and American* of Nashville says: "What has become of this excess we cannot discover, but it has been expended in some way, for the State was compelled to borrow money to assist in paying the interest due on the State debt on the 1st of January, 1868, and not a dollar of the public debt has yet been paid."

THE Radical papers are trying to induce Irishmen to vote for GRANT and COLFAX, on the plea that FRANK BLAIR was a Know-Nothing. The Philadelphia *Age*, a sound and able Democratic paper, says "the story is absolutely false, and that just the contrary of it is true. GEN. BLAIR was an early and firm opponent of Know-Nothingism, and every other secret or open proscription of foreign-born citizens. It is, indeed, well known that FRANCIS P. BLAIR, Sr., and his sons, opposed the nomination of Gen. SAM. HOUSTON, when he was a prominent candidate for the Presidency, on the very score of his affiliation with the Know-Nothings. We make the contradiction of the story about Gen. BLAIR on the best authority; yet it seems quite superfluous to contradict such a story of the recognized leader and favorite of the German population of St. Louis."

BEFORE AND AFTER THE WAR.

In an article under this heading, published in yesterday's APPEAL, we showed how the BROWNLOW administration has increased the taxation of the State more than two-thirds what it was in 1860, while the capacity of the people to pay their taxes has been reduced one half in that time, making the amount of money now wrung from us fully four times what we had to pay when the decency and intelligence of Tennessee controlled her affairs at Nashville. We propose this morning to show how the enormous sums thus exacted from our poor people have been expended. We compare the two and a half years ending September 30, 1867 with the three years, 1858, 1859, 1860, in the following tables:

EXPENSES FOR 1858-'9-'60.

Legislative Expenses	$204,569 86
Executive Salaries	2,148 37
Executive Expenses	6,8 2 62
Capitol Expenses	3,639 95
Expenses of Governor's Staff	...
Expenses of Adjutant General's office	...
Judicial Salaries	167,873 28
Registration of Voters	...
Militia	...
Penal Printing	41,471 87
Expenses of the penitentiary	33,6 4 62
Metropolitan Police	...
State Prosecutions	176,739 09
Printing Speed's and Head's Reports	4,491 68
Schools and Charities	889,772 17
Agricultural Bureaus and Societies	30,8 4 77
The Odds	31,,33 64
Marking tate Lin s	24,170 69
Sinking Fund for Railroads	83,042 64
Bonds of Union Bank relieved	63,961 48

EXPENSES FOR TWO AND A HALF YEARS—1865 '6-'7.

Legislative Expenses	$331,219 72
Executive Salaries	22,804 11
Executive Expenses	17,,69 33
Capitol Expenses	50,,81 69
Expenses of Governor's Staff	20,18 09
Expenses of Adjutant Gen'l's office	15,286 82
Judicial Salaries	1:3,0 8 3:
Registration of Voters	18,823 82
Militia (State Guards)	194,5:3 49
Public Printing	91,574 59
Expenses of the Penitentiary	133,58: 11
Metropolitan Police	56,,4 86
State Prosecutions	220,99,,34
Impeachment of Judge Frazier	18,888 49
Printing Cadwell's reports	7,3 6 90
Schools and Charities	1,29,024 35

In this exhibit, as unfavorable to BROWNLOW and the Radicals as that we made yesterday, we find that in the single item of legislative expenses there is a difference in favor of the administration of Gov. HARRIS of $119,549 88; $67,601 49 of which the Radical members of the House and Senate voted themselves, as additional to their salaries—that being the difference between *greenbacks and gold*—they claiming that the currency was not a legal tender of their earnings, notwithstanding their declared loyalty and fealty to the party of greenbacks.

Another, and a most extraordinarily disgraceful contrast even for the Radical party (which claims in its arrogance to be the party of education and morality), is that during the years 1858-9-60, the sum of $889,772 17 was paid out of the public treasury for school purposes, $658,476 45 of it for the sustenance of public schools, while the BROWNLOW administration, in the two and a half years, 1865-6-7, paid out only $129,024 35 for a school population double that of the HARRIS administration by reason of the emancipation of the former slave population. But not even one cent of this sum was spent for the common schools, which now languish throughout the State and are closed in Memphis.

These are facts that no Radical can gainsay, and that appeal to the common sense judgment of all men, far above and beyond the mere claims of party. It is upon such exhibits that eventually parties will be divided. Such statements and contrasts as these, it is, that must sooner or later make up the issues upon which parties will go before the people for their suffrage. No time can be more opportune than the present. The people should learn now the financial differences between the Radical and Democratic parties. The people should learn upon what basis the Radical party rests its claims for help in this canvass; and should know that besides the awful murders, outrages and assassinations it is encouraging in every county, it is effecting the ruin of the State by a system of taxation burdensome to our every industry, and by an expenditure that threatens to overwhelm us in universal bankruptcy.

The property-holder, in Memphis, or in the State of Tennessee, who, under ever so flimsy a pretext, will even squint towards Radicalism, deserves to be robbed as he is now being robbed, and eventually to be stripped of all he has for the purpose of fattening the cormorants, the carpet-baggers and scalawags who now fill our offices and administer the affairs of our State with self-complacent arrogance and assurance.

THE Louisville *Courier* has been very unfortunate in its expressions of weakness in face of the enemy. On the day after the recent elections it impatiently threw up the sponge and advised the South to make the best arrangement it could with GRANT'S representatives, as that gentleman was sure to be elected. Taking his cue from so plain a confession of "give up" at headquarters, a correspondent of that journal telegraphed from Nashville, a day or two since, that "the Radicals will carry Tennessee on Tuesday by 20 000 majority, notwithstanding the division in the Radical ranks in nearly every Congressional District." Wonder who posted this correspondent—a Radical or Democrat? Was the news intended for the encouragement of the Radicals, or to spur the Democracy of Tennessee? It is hardly what we have a right to expect from the *Courier*, on the eve, too, of the election.

WHAT THE RADICALS HAVE DONE FOR THE IRISH.

A cotemporary, doing good service in the cause of Democracy, adverting to the impudence of Radical journals in advising Irishmen to vote for GRANT and COLFAX, thus, in questions as pertinent as trite, sums up the love of the Radical party for Irishmen, as proved by their treatment of them wherever they have had the power. Read the questions, Irishmen, and then say if you can vote the Radical ticket:

What party was it that, under the operation of conscription laws—laws made to bear upon the poor who could not buy substitutes, laws which the non-taxpaying bondholders had no difficulty in evading—what party was it, we say, under these infamous laws, dragged the poor Irish mechanics and laborers from their families, and sent them to the front to be mercilessly slaughtered, under the orders of Burnside and Grant?

Was it not the hired tools and ruffians of Radicalism who drugged the unsuspecting emigrant, and then forced him into the ranks to fight against a people who were struggling for that political independence which he insisted was the inalienable right of his own native land?

What party is it that has placed, and to-day maintains, the stolid, brutal and semi-savage negro over tens of thousands of Irishmen in the Southern States?

Is it not true that the Irishmen who today emigrates to the South places himself outside of the protection of the law and under the dominion of a military satrap, whose will is supreme—from whose decision there is no appeal?

Were not Irishmen discharged from the police force, as well as from other official positions in New Orleans and other Southern cities, and negroes put in their places?

Say, Irishmen, can you vote for Radicalism—for Radicalism, only another name for Know-Nothingism?

By Telegraph.

WASHINGTON.

LOUISVILLE, October 30.—The *Journal & Washington* special says the track of the Union Pacific Railroad is completed to within one hundred and twenty miles of Salt Lake City; and the Central Pacific road, from Sacramento eastward, is finished to within two hundred and twenty miles of that city, leaving only three hundred and seventy miles of track to be laid before the connection of the two lines.

Much anxiety is felt at the War Department about the condition of things South, and the few troops at the disposal of the authorities have been kept in readiness to be sent to any point where there may be occasion for them. The twelfth infantry, of which four companies are stationed here under the command of Col. Wallace, have been under orders since Friday last to move at a moment's notice. A special train of cars have been kept most of the time waiting to carry them over the Air Line South. They were at first destined for Memphis, Tenn., but the recent troubles in Louisiana have directed attention to that quarter. Should an exigency arise they will be sent where they appear to be most needed.

A report has been circulated that Gen. Grant would shortly return to this city. Such is not the case. He will certainly not return till after the election, which, of course, will govern his movements.

Gen. Sheridan telegraphs that Gen. Carr, with seven companies of the Fifth cavalry and Forsyth's scout, under Lieut. Pierpont, struck the Indians on Shuiness creek, south of Beaver, on the 25 h inst., and killed ten Indians and five horses, and captured three ponies. The next day he followed the Indians, who dispatched their advance to protect stock, the Indians burning the prairies to the windward but not stopping the advance of the troops. They forced the Indians to abandon their late lodges and camp equipage, capturing and killing seventy two ponies. Gen. Carr is still pursuing them. Col. Burkhead is also in the same vicinity.

In accordance with an act of February 3, 1868, all cotton imported from foreign countries, from and after the 1st prox., will be exempt from import duty.

The Treasury Department has issued a circular dated October 29th, directing that a duty of $2 50 per pound and twenty five per cent. ad valorem be assessed on all cigars and cheroots.

The Agricultural Department reports that the cotton crop will be somewhat less than that of last year. The culture this year was better, the preparations for planting were more complete, labor was more regular and reliable as a general rule, and early in the season the promise was very fine. Serious losses have of late been incurred, however, principally from the depredations of the cotton caterpillar or army worm, which proved more general and severe in Louisiana than elsewhere; also very troublesome in portions of Alabama and Mississipi, and somewhat prevalent in the Carolinas and Arkansas. The heavy rains in Tennessee and the Southwest have caused an anxiety, but less damage than was expected. The returns indicated a smaller crop, possibly by 15 or 20 per cent. than last year, but a complete estimate will not be made till the crop is gathered.

During the first week in October the disbursements from the Treasury Department were very heavy, and it was thought there would be considerable increase in the public debt; but the receipts from customs during the month have been very large, and will probably make up the deficit, and it is now expected that the statement will show a slight decrease.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, October 30.—Everything is quiet to-day Gen Steadman last night withdrew his resignation as Superintendent of Metropolitan Police, and continues at the head of the force.

To-day an injunction was taken in the Fifth District Court by the Metropolitan Police Commissioners, restraining the Mayor from establishing a police force, on the ground that it will bring about a collision.

The *Republican* this evening has a leader smacking strongly of an intention to have the electoral vote in this State thrown out by Congress, if possible. It advises Republicans to vote wherever they can without reasonable apprehension of being subjected to personal violence, but says we are certain that if eve y possible effort be made it would be an impossibility to poll one half the real Republican vote of the State. It also says there are tribunals of appeal beyond the mobs of Louisiana and to them we can go with full confidence for redress of grievances.

GEORGIA.

AUGUSTA, October 30.—In the Superior Court of this State, on the 26 h inst., Col. A. Kerman, one of the Republican electors, stated to the court that he desired a postponement of all the cases in which he was interested, on account of his being unable to stop at the hotel, because a large number of citizens had protested to his landlord against receiving him as a guest—he being politically obnoxious. Toombs objected to his postponement, but Judge Andrews said he deeply regretted the state of things. It was mortifying to him that such a feeling existed in the circuit. A non-resident must stay somewhere in the place. He would not require of Mr. A. Kerman an utter impossibility; therefore he granted the application.

MASSACHUSETTS.

SPRINGFIELD, October 29.—The meeting of the American Missionary Association has continued all day, closing at nine o'clock this evening. Gen. Howard, Gov. Baker, of Georgia, Dr. Wallace, of Manchester, and many others, have spoken with effect. The array of facts presented show that a new civilization has begun its existence in the South. The Association has had four thousand children in its schools. Fifteen thousand are in other Christian schools. The Association must have $500,000 the coming year.

NEW JERSEY.

NEWARK, October 30.—While the Democratic torch-light procession last night was passing Gov. Ward's house, his gardener was struck with a club and seriously injured. The windows were crushed in by cudgels and lanterns. The houses of some of the Republicans were saluted with groans. A saloon near the market was ransacked and robbed of cigars and refreshments. Mrs. Burns' saloon, near the market, was stripped of its contents, which were carried off by a party of ruffians from Jersey City.

BOSTON.

BOSTON, October 30.—The fire this morning destroyed one of the car houses of the Boston and Albany Railroad Company, located between Albany street bridge and Harrison avenue. The car destroyed consisted of two drawing room cars, a mail car, one or two baggage cars and six or eight passenger cars.

O'Baldwin, the pugilist, got bail today. Wormald still in jail.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

LOUISVILLE, October 30.—River at a stand, with three feet four inches water in the canal.

Weather cloudy and warm.

ST. LOUIS, October 30.—The river is falling again.

AUBURN.

AUBURN, N. Y., October 30.—Secretary Seward will deliver a speech here tomorrow afternoon on the political issues of the campaign.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, October 30.—A Lima letter states that the Attorney General has published an opinion in relation to the claim of a French resident in Lima, who lost his property by mob riots, in January, to the effect that foreign citizens can only recover by process of law in the same manner as Peruvians themselves. Gen. Hovey, American Minister, immediately entered protest against this opinion, and his example has been followed by English, French and Prussian representatives.

A special to the *Tribune*, dated Demopolis, Ala., says:

"While we were canvassing Choctaw and Sumter counties, several daring attempts were made by armed mobs to assassinate us. We were threatened with hanging in Choctaw, and at Gaston, in Sumter, the carriage containing us was fired upon and hit several times. Double-barreled guns and revolvers were used. This occurred in the day time in the streets of the town. We saved our lives by fast driving. The Republican canvassers have been similarly treated in other sections of the State. We can have no fair election in many counties without the presence of United States troops.

[Signed) "GEO. L. HARRINGTON,
"Speaker of the House.
"W. L. PENNINGTON,
"State Senator."

The *Tribune* publishes the following letter from the Cuban Revolutionary Junta:

To Editor of Tribune:

Having observed that you have hitherto published all the Spanish official intelligence in regard to the revolution now progressing in Cuba, we beg leave to call your attention to the fact that the official accounts of the state of affairs are in the main false and entirely unreliable. Deprived as we are of freedom of the press, the majority of the inhabitants, even of this city, are unacquainted with the real facts of the revolution in Cuba. So far from having died out, it is steadily progressing and will only die out when Spanish rule will have expired.

(Signed) THE SPANISH JUNTA.
In session in Havana, 30 October, 1868.

SUMMARY OF THE PROGRESS OF THE REVOLUTION.

HAVANA, October 28—Boyams, Holquien, Jebora, Los Tenuos Yors, and Jorquansl, all in the Eastern Department, are in insurrection against the Government.

The Government has sent four battalions of infantry, one squadron of cavalry and a full field battery to these points. The revolutionists have divided in small bands, with the view to carry on a guerrilla war until their forces are strong enough to cope with the Spanish troops, with a fair prospect of success. A considerable band is stationed in the neighborhood of Santiago DeCuba and another near Puerto Principe. The revolutionists have burned several plantations, and have taken negroes with them as auxiliaries. In several skirmishes with the Spanish troops, creoles, both white and black, have fought bravely, causing heavy loss to the Spanish. Cubans all over the Island are enthusiastic, but are in want of arms. Several Cubans have been arrested in Havana on suspicion. They are confined in Moro Castle. In parish Jesus Maria forty negroes were arrested last night for having arms in their possession.

October 24th, 9 a.m.—Trustworthy information just received states that the guerilla chief of the revolutionary band has with him four thousand whites and six thousand negroes. The artillery sent from this city has stuck in the mud. Heavy rains have fallen in the eastern department. The revolutionists have full sway in a large section of country. The Captain General is pushing forward fresh troops in all haste. One of the Spanish mail ships has just been chartered to carry troops to the scene of action. Great enthusiasm and confidence prevails among Cubans. If the measure should become necessary it is their fixed determination to declare immediate emancipation, and call upon the negroes.

A Havana letter to the *World* says: The total strength of the insurgents is variously estimated at from 200 to 600. They are wretchedly armed, and comprise, contrary to first reports, blacks and Chinese as well as whites. Their leader is Don Pedro Acquiller.

The present lines extend from Moguegus State, two leagues beyond Tunis, to near the village Jiaguana, embracing a wild, broken section of country, admirably adapted to irregular warfare, and in which the difficulties to be overcome by troops pursuing are greatly increased by the badness of the roads rendered almost unfit for travel by the late heavy rains. Despite all these drawbacks the Government will early succeed in establishing order, is assured beyond the point of cavil.

Gen. Blair addressed a meeting of the supporters of S. S. Cox last evening.

The Republican State Committee have issued an appeal to the people relative to fraudulent voting at elections, concluding as follows: We advise you as citizens to investigate fully, challenge fearlessly, and fail not to convict and punish every man who violates the law of the country and the spirit of its institutions.

The *World* has a statement that about ten thousand Radicals from Vermont and Massachusetts had been colonized in Essex, Hamilton, Jefferson and other counties of this State with the view to enable them to vote Tuesday next.

The *Times* publishes the following card from Gen. Rosecrans:

Please correct an error of your Washington special, in saying: "Gen. Rosecrans do s not intend to go to Mexico, because he thinks Gen. Grant will be our next President." He never thought to be influenced by such a motive. He was not nominated as a partisan. Neither his reluctance to accept nor his acceptance arise from partisan motives, nor does he expect to fi l the mission as a partisan. He will go as an American citizen who loves his country and her institutions, to a neighboring country, in whose welfare he has always felt a sincere interest, an interest he feels happy to know is shared by the great body of our people, Gen. Grant among the number.

Gov. Fenton has appointed November 26th as Thanksgiving Day.

Five convicts made their escape from Blackwell's Island to-day.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, October 30.—A freight locomotive, which was wooding at a gravel pit on the O & M R. R., eighteen miles from this city, exploded last night, killing the conductor, fireman, and three boys who were standing near, and wounding the engineer and brakeman.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, October 30.—Cotton firm and decidedly more active; sales 3000 bales; uplands 25½c. Flour, superfine $6 as 50. Rice quiet. Coffee quiet. Sugar quiet, I bnd 11¾@ 12c. Molasses 48@52c. Wheat dull 1@2c lower. Corn dull $1 09@1 12.

Dry Goods market quiet and generally without change, except in flannels. The demand for brown and bleached sheetings is active, and on some brands an advance is asked and obtained. The P pperell, brown, brings 12c; Mess R. brings 14½@16½c, and Hamilton brown 12c; Amoskeag brown sheeting command 15½c; Atlantic 16c; Pac A 15½c; Atlantic, fine 16c; printing cloths 17½c; prints 12@16½c as to trade—the inside rate for Amoskeag and Lancaster; inferior for Merrimack.

Money easier, call loans 6@7 and firm; sterling 9 @9½; gold 34½; new Tennessee 70@78.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, October 30.—Cotton, middlings 23½@ 23½c; sales 600 bales; receipts 5018; exports 92 0; receipts of the week 28,500; exports, foreign, 2,336; coastwise 6741; stock 63,533. Sterling 45½. New York sight ¼ discount. Gold 43. Sugar and Molasses active and unchanged. Flour dull and lower, superfine $6 75; treble extra $7 75@8. Corn, supply mainly green; poor stock; new white 90@92c. Oats, none demand 60c. Hay scarce $30. Pork dull $25½. Bacon firm and scarce, shoulders 14½@14½c; rib sides 14½@ 15c; clear sides 15½@15¾c. Lard dull, jobbing to choice 19½c; keg 22c. Coffee quiet, Rio 15@16½c.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, October 30.—Tobacco, sales light at $4@15; for logs to fair leaf 7@8; manufacturing $10. Wheat $1 90@2. Flour superfine $5@6 50. Corn, old 90@92c; new 45@50c. Oats 52@55c. Rye $1 35@1 40. Cotton 23 @23½c. Mess Pork $31. Lard 17½c. Bacon, shoulders 13½c; clear rib sides 18½@18¾c; clear sides 17½c. Whisky, raw and free $1 03@1 04.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, October 30.—Tobacco active and unchanged. Flour dull, superfine $3@3 75. Wheat down, fall $1 80@1. Corn 97c@1 03. Oats 60@61c. Rye $1 05@1 07. Pork $30 75. Bacon, shoulders 13½@13¾c; sides 17¾@17¾c; lams 18½c. Lard 17½@18c. Whisky $1 05.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, October 30.—Flour and Wheat dull and unchanged. Corn, new 86c; old 86c. Oats 88c. Rye $1 2 @1 28. Cotton quiet 23¾c. Whisky $1 00. Bacon, sides 16½@17¾c. Lard, nothing doing.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, October 30.—Consols closed 93¾ 5-20s 78¾.

LIVERPOOL, October 30.—Cotton closed steady at the following: 11d; Orleans 11¾d. Sales for up 12,000 bales. Sales for the week, including yesterday, 119,000 bales, of which 35,000 were for Export and 18,000 for speculation Stock 445,000, including 32,000 Americans. Amount afloat for Liverpool 139,000, including 29,000 from the United States.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

WANTED.—A Gardner wants a situation, one that understands the business. Good References. R. G. CRAIG & CO.,
oct31 1t 379 Main street, Jackson Block.

WANTED.—To purchase Land in tracts of from 2000 to 20,000 acres for settlements of emigrants now preparing to leave Europe. Address Mr. N., 109 Broadway, Cincinnati, Ohio.
oct31 1t*

Medical College of Memphis.

THE Regular Course of Lectures in this Institution will commence on MONDAY, 2d November, at 9 a.m., and terminate on March 1, 1869 ALEXANDER ERSKINE, M.D.,
oct31 2w Dean of the Faculty.

Committee Meeting.

A JOINT meeting of the Congressional Executive Committee and the Executive Committee for Shelby county will be held at Stillman Hall THIS AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock. Each member of the two Committees is earnestly requested to be present, as business of importance will be presented for the consideration of the meeting.
P. T. SCRUGGS,
Ch'm'n of Congressional Executive Committee.
WM. RICHARDSON HUNT,
Ch'm'n Executive Committee of Shelby Co.
oct31 1t

To Exhibitors at the Late Fair.

THE Secretary of the Agricultural Society will be present at the office of Royster, Trezevant & Co., on SATURDAY, 31st inst., at 10 o'clock, to pay premiums and give certificates awarded at the late Fair.
oct31 2t W. H. LAKE.

RETAIL STOCK OF GROCERIES.

No. 115 Beal, Corner Herrando.

BEING about to remove to NO. 176 FRONT street, rather than move my stock as above, I will sell the same, together with the Unexpired Term of my Lease,

ON REASONABLE TERMS.

If application is made immediately.
oct30 WM. A. FITCHNER.

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm style of WORMELEY, PICKETT & CO., is dissolved—having expired by limitation on the 1st of July past.

Mr. Wm. S. Pickett remains in charge of the books, accounts and assets of the late firm, and is charged with the settlement and liquidation of its affairs.

RALPH WORMELEY,
W. S. PICKETT,
J. D. USSERY.

W. S. PICKETT & CO.,

(Successors to Wormeley, Pickett & Co.,)

Cotton Factors

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Memphis, Tennessee.

AS liquidating partner of the late firm of Wormeley, Pickett & Co., I shall continue the Commission Business under the above style, and solicit consignments of Cotton and other Produce, on which liberal advances will be made when required.
sep28 W. S. PICKETT.

RALPH WORMELEY,

(Late Wormeley, Pickett & Co.,)

COTTON FACTOR AND COMMISSION MERchant, No. 316 Front street, Memphis.

I shall continue the Commission Business at the above stand, where I shall be happy to see all of my friends, many of whom I have served for twenty years, and now again place my services at their command, earnestly soliciting consignments of Cotton and other Produce, during them of my continued efforts to serve them faithfully, and to guard with zealousness their interests.

Supplies furnished, and liberal advances made on Cotton in store. All Cotton insured unless otherwise instructed.
sep— RALPH WORMELEY.

J. A. SHANE. DR. A. HARRIS.

SHANE, HARRIS & CO.,

(Successors to Shane, Bell & Co.,)

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

GENERAL COMMISSION

And Forwarding Merchants,

254 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

LIBERAL advances on Consignments. Bagging, Rope and Ties furnished to customers. A. G. HARRIS & CO., No. 17 Vine street, Cincinnati, Ohio. sept 3m

E. B. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn. JOHN W. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn.

E. B. WEBBER & BRO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

230 FRONT STREET, : MEMPHIS, TENN.

Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and Grain solicited. Liberal advances made on consignments in store. Bagging, Rope and Plantation supplies furnished at the lowest market rates. aul 3m*

J. M. Alexander,

(Late of Fulton, Tenn.,)

DEALER IN

New and Second-Hand Furniture,

No. 272 Second Street,

Ayres Building, - - - - MEMPHIS, TENN.

STORAGE SOLICITED. oct28 1m

OYSTER BAY,

UNDER THE

VARIETIES THEATER.

Oysters Served in Every Style.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. oct27 1m

CIRCULAR.

TO THE BUSINESS PUBLIC.

OFFICE OF THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC AND ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF THE UNITED STATES,
MEMPHIS, TENN., October 22, 1868.

TO THE CITIZENS OF MEMPHIS:

The office of this Company is now open at No. 18 MADISON STREET for the transmission of messages, at reduced rates, to all points reached by its wires. In tendering the citizens of Memphis another facility for the transmission of messages, by which not only lower rates are obtained, but greater dispatch and promptness, and answers secured quicker, it should be borne in mind by all who use Telegraph wires, that only by sustaining a competing line can a continuance of lower rates be maintained. This is so self-evident that the Southern Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Company confidently expect such full and steady patronage as will justify the establishment of this office at Memphis, and low rates.

GEO. H. THURSTON,
oct28 1w President.

F. W. IRVINE & CO.,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 278 Front Street, Up-stairs,

Over R. S. Taylor & Co.,

MEMPHIS, - - - TENNESSEE.
sep18 3m

AUCTION.

Auction Sale of Dwelling Houses.

AT 12 O'CLOCK TO-DAY, on the premises, we will sell at auction TWO TWO-STORY HOUSES on Mosby street, near Jones avenue. Sale positive.
G. H. MONSARRAT & CO.,
oct31 1t Auctioneers.

AUCTION

—OF—

A LAW LIBRARY

—AND—

Tennessee Reports.

To-Morrow (Saturday) Afternoon,

—At Three O'Clock,—

WE WILL SELL AT PUBLIC SALE

A VALUABLE LAW LIBRARY,

(Of About One Hundred Volumes,)

Containing Among Other Valuable Works,

The Tennessee Reports,

FOR the convenience of the Bar we have fixed the hour at THREE O'CLOCK p.m.

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,
Auctioneers.

A. E. FRANKLAND,

AUCTION

—AND—

Commission Merchant,

No. 197 Main Street,

WEBSTER BLOCK, - MEMPHIS, TENN.

STRICT attention paid to all business intrusted to my care. *Account sales rendered immediately after sales, and prompt returns. Ample accommodation for Storage.*

A. WALLACE the Veteran Auctioneer, will be found at my house, to attend to all his old friends and patrons.

I respectfully solicit a share of the patronage of all my friends.
oct3 1m A. E. FRANKLAND.

A. M. STODDARD & CO.,

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS,

37 Union Street,

THE most commodious and centrally located Auction house in the city. oct9 1f

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

NEW STYLE VEILS,

ROMAN SCARFS,

NEW STYLE VEIL NETS,

CHILDREN' HOSIERY,

JUST OPENED AT

MENKEN BROTHERS.

ELEGANT GOODS

NOVELTIES IN CHILDREN'S

Wearing Apparel

JUST OPENED AT

MENKEN BROTHERS.

STRIPED SILKS,

RAYE SILKS,

BLACK SILKS,

CORDED SILKS,

JUST OPENED AT

MENKEN BROTHERS.

WHITE OPERA CLOTH,

OPERA CLOAKS,

VELVET CLOAKS,

CLOTH CLOAKS,

JUST OPENED AT

MENKEN BROTHERS.

J. STOLTS,

DEALER IN

Coal, Mammoth, Petro and other Illuminating Oils,

LAMPS, Burners and Chimneys, of every variety; also, Stoves and Tinware. County Rights for sale for the Non-explosive Mammoth Oil. Parties desiring to purchase the Petro Oil can rely upon getting the genuine Cleveland-made article only from me.
oct25 3m J. STOLTS, 56 Jefferson Street.

Mississippi and Tennessee R. R.—Stockholders' Meeting.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad Company will be held in the city of Memphis,

On Wednesday, November 11, 1868,

At which time Directors will be chosen for the ensuing year. Stockholders will be passed free over the road by exhibiting Certificates of Stock to conductors.
J. H LAMB,
oct1 Secretary and Treasurer.

STOCKS AND BONDS WANTED

—AT—

Memphis City Savings Institution,

Corner Jefferson and Front Streets.

10,000 MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK Railroad First Mortgage 8 per cent. Bonds.
10,000 Navy Yard Bonds.
10,000 Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad First and Second Mortgage Bonds.
10,000 Mississippi Central Railroad First and Second Mortgage Bonds.
10,000 City of Memphis New 6 per cent. Bonds.
10,000 Memphis and Ohio Railroad 10 per cent. Bonds.
10,000 Memphis and Ohio Railroad New 6 per cent. Bonds.

Also, past due Coupons of ALL of above Bonds. oct27 1w

To Cotton Buyers and Shippers.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED AND PREPARED to make

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES

On all Cotton consigned to Messrs. DAVIDOWS & CO., New York.

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
oct1 1 246 Front Street.

Laborers Wanted—1200 Men.

TO work on the Levees at Greenville, Washington county, Mississippi. Wages good and promptly paid.
HUGHES & SEARLES,
oct1 1m Contractors.

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Capital Stock, : : : : : : : : : $200,000 00
Income for first Ten Months, : : 161,883 46

M. J. WICKS, President, J. T. PETTIT, Vice-President.
W. F. BOYLE, Secretary, J. H. EDMONDSON, Gen'l Agent.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

M. J. WICKS,	W. L. VANCE,	WM. JOYNER,	F. W. SMITH,
E. M. APPERSON,	J. J. PETTIT,	N. S. BRUCE,	A. SEESSEL,
F. TITUS,	W. R. HUNT,	W. B. GREENLAW,	B. K. PULLEN,
NAPOLEON HILL,	J. G. LONSDALE,	JAMES PHELAN,	

ISSUES Policies either Participating or Non-participating, on all the Improved Plans of Life Insurance. No Restrictions on Travel or Residence within the settled limits of the United States or British North America. All Policies Non-forfeitable for their Equitable Value.

The Officers and Directory of this Company are determined, by a judicious and economical management of its affairs, to secure for it the success which it merits as a reliable Institution.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 291 MAIN STREET.

FERGUSON & PRIVETT,
No. 11 Madison Street, Agents for Tenn

MEMPHIS APPEAL

Office---No. 13 Jefferson Street.

THE SUNDAY APPEAL.

The attention of merchants and business men is called to the SUNDAY APPEAL, in which will be found not less than twenty-eight columns of reading matter, comprising an interesting literary melange, original and selected poetry, communications from regular and occasional contributors, market, river and local reports, and the general news of the day. The most interesting paper for Sunday reading published in the Southwest, it is, therefore, a most valuable advertising medium for business men. Advertisements and local notices published at special rates. Merchants and others will do well to send in their favors before 9 o'clock p.m.

CITY MATTERS.

RALLY! RALLY!!

There will be a grand rally of the Democracy at No. 6 Engine House, this (Saturday) evening, at 7 o'clock. Hon. Jno. W. Leftwich will address the meeting.

THE BRIDGE over Beal street is finished.

YESTERDAY was a dark and lowering day, with occasional sprinkles of rain.

THE REGISTRAR continues to register people from the country to-day.

WM. SCHNEIDER, Gunsmith, 42 Washington. Good work; low prices. oc30tf

LARGE lot Miles Cloth Shoes at $3 25
oc27 tf RICE & ENGEL, 233 Main St.

MINCE and Fruit Pies, also Cream Cakes, fresh every morning at Joseph Specht's, 37 Madison. oc28 1w

TEN THOUSAND eight hundred and thirty-six voters had been registered up to four o'clock yesterday evening.

DISCHARGES in bankruptcy were granted yesterday to Sterling Fowlkes, Robert J. Morgan and Thos. J. Valentine.

A LARGE lot of beautiful dress goods, bought since recent decline, just opened at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

'SQUIRE GRIFFITH yesterday discharged Wm. Hoist, charged with shooting Sam Gibbs, the testimony proving that he acted in self-defense.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.—Services in the Law Courtroom, Greenlaw Building, Second street, to-morrow at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., by the pastor, Rev. F. A. Mason.

D. ASTE & Co. are in daily receipt of the finest and most delicious Norfolk, Saddle Rock and Cherry Stone *Oysters, in shell and cans.* Southwest corner Main and Union streets. oc3 1eodtf

TO GERMANS.—Notices or advertisement in the German language will be received and published in this paper. A careful and competent proof reader will see that they are printed correctly. tf

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!! OYSTERS!!! A fresh consignment of Baltimore oysters received last night, by express, at Memphis Oyster Depot, No. 36 Jefferson street. Seventy-five cents per can.

ATTENTION TAX PAYERS.—City, school and police scrip and county warrants in sums to suit tax payers, can be obtained at the lowest rates at the Memphis City Savings Bank, corner of Jefferson and Front streets. tf

THERE WAS no meeting of the Board of County Commissioners yesterday. The return of the Hon. Barbour Lewis threw them into a complete state of "frustration," from which they had not recovered.

BOARD OF TRADE COLLEGE.—Mr. S. Ridgely, Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, is authorized to register students for a class in actual business, to be organized on Monday, November 24.
oc23 tf U. GREGORY, President.

T. SCHOENFELD was carried before 'Squire Griffith, charged with fraudently obtaining possession of property and breach of trust. Capt. McMath was the prosecutor, and after a patient hearing of the case 'Squire Griffith sent Schoenfeld up to the next term of the Criminal Court under $2000 bonds.

A HEAVY DOG.—Britton's dog, when he went up on Thursday evening, weighed thirty pounds. He was let fall from the height of eight thousand feet. According to a well known principle of mechanics, he weighed when he hit the ground two hundred and forty thousand pounds.

IN CONSEQUENCE of the weather and a misunderstanding in the notice, the meeting at the City Hall last night was a failure, and was postponed till this evening, when the Hon. Jno. W. Leftwich will address his constituents at No. 6 Engine House, at 7½ o'clock. Come one, come all!

TO "DR. ROGERS," "CHURCHMAN," AND "A LADY MEMBER OF SAINT LAZARUS"—*Dear Brethren:* No good can ever come of this thing. It can have no end, but that one party will say harder things than the other is willing to say. Many hearts, kindred to you by the holy tie of mother churches, are deeply grieved by it. I implore you to stop. AN OLD CHURCHWOMAN.

PERSONAL.—Capt. M. J. O'Brien, the General Superintendent of the Southern Express at this point, receives the following handsome and merited compliment from the Atlanta *Intelligencer* of a late date: "Capt. M. J O'Brien is probably more generally known and better liked than any man of his age in the South. His *point d'appui* is Memphis, Tenn."

THEATER.—The theater was filled last night, rather better than ordinarily, on the occasion of the farewell benefit of Miss Charlotte Thompson. The play was the fine old English comedy, *The School for Scandal.* Miss Thompson appeared better as "Lady Teazle" than in any character in which we have yet seen her. This evening closes Miss Thompson's engagement we believe, and we hope there will be a rousing crowd to say good-by'e. The play is, *She Stoops to Conquer.*

GAGE & FISHER, 308 Front street. 1m

THE MAGICIAN.—Prof. Haselmayer, in his unassuming way, has, in our opinion, far surpassed and eclipsed all competitors in the magic art. With all of the skill of Anderson or Blitz, he has none of their charlatanry or humbuggery; and he makes those who go to see him feel that they are visiting a gentleman, not a mountebank. To day at half-past two o'clock he gives a matinee for the benefit of the ladies and children, and we advise all of them to go and see him. To-night is the very last chance, and those who wish to spend a pleasant evening should pay him a visit.

THE ABSURDITY of some points in our system of law was well illustrated yesterday. About two weeks ago the Sheriff, Mr. Curry, had a writ to serve on a certain lady of this city and her children. It was done according to law—but on Wednesday last the lady had an addition to her stock of children, and it became necessary for the Sheriff, in order to obey the letter of the law, to go to her house and read the process to the new comer. Like a modest gentleman, as he is, he waited a couple of days for the infant to become composed, and yesterday went out and read the document to the forty eight hour old property holder, and fulfilled the law.

THE AERONAUTS.

What Sort of a Trip they Had.

Voyage of the Constitution.

We announced yesterday the ascent of the great balloon of Professor Brooks, the Constitution, with our friend Nourse, the agent of the Phœnix Mutual, as a passenger, and Professor Brooks at the helm. Their friends were more than delighted to meet them, yesterday morning, safe and sound on the streets; for after the melancholy fate of Britton's dog, very few entertained any hopes of ever seeing them again, except as mangled "corpuses" at least. From Mr. Nourse we learn the following incidents of the trip, which we give as near as possible in his own language:

At twenty minutes to five o'clock we bade adieu to earth, and went up rapidly but easily and smoothly. It was astonishing how quickly objects beneath us dwindled into insignificance. While looking at them, almost in less time than it takes me to tell it, a crowd of men seemed to dwindle into mere specks, and soon to lose their individuality altogether. Houses and fields became mere marks on the surface of the earth, which seemed spread out beneath us like a map. In a surprisingly short space of time we reached the altitude of 8000 feet, having floated also a mile and a half or two miles northward. At this hight the view was entrancing. The sun was just on the horizon, and lighted up in a golden glow the whole earth beneath us, except far off to the eastward, where a black line told us that night had already set in. Twisting and winding through dark regions of swamp and forest, the Mississippi river lay beneath us like a silver thread, visible with its tributaries, rivers, creeks and lakes for two hundred miles. There were no clouds around us, the atmosphere being very heavy, and the clouds floating very high. At this hight (8000 feet) we ceased to ascend, and Prof. Brooks thought it a good time to let go the dog, which we had brought up to send down by parachute. Owing to some tampering with the parachute before we ascended, (of which the Professor was ignorant), it did not open out and the consequence was the poor animal shot earthward with the velocity of a cannon ball, and was lost to our sight, almost instantaneously, as we ascended with intense rapidity as soon as we were relieved of its weight. At this hight of 9000 feet we struck another current of air, and were carried westward slowly.

"Having been up now about half an hour we began to think of descending, and the Professor made the necessary arrangements for letting out gas. While doing this a new current of air struck us and we were carried in an eastward direction, descending slowly all the while. At twenty minutes past five we had gotten within five hundred feet of the earth and were traveling northeast with the speed of a race horse, the Professor keeping a sharp look out for a good place to land. We kept along this way for fifteen minutes, when we commenced crossing a corn field, and the Professor singing out to me to drop the grapnels, opened the bag and we came down most elegantly. As soon as we touched the earth, which was at twenty minutes to six o'clock, (exactly one hour from our start,) a gentleman and servant came to our assistance, and we found that we had landed on the farm of J. E. Douglas, Esq., near the Indian mound "Tuckuba," at the mouth of Big creek, twelve miles from the city. The gentleman who came to our assistance was Mr Douglas himself, to whom we are under very many obligations. As soon as possible, he caused a team of oxen to be yoked up, and brought us and our balloon safely back to town, where we arrived at half-past three a.m.

"There were some negroes in the field adjoining the one in which we landed, and as soon as they saw our balloon they took to their heels, running like good fellows. On asking one of them, afterward, why they ran, he answered that they 'did not take the balloon for Kuklux, but they were afraid that big thing would burst.'"

Mr. Nourse expresses himself as highly delighted with his trip, and says he would like to go again, especially if he can go under such such skillful guidance, in such careful hands as Prof. Brooks'. We understand that the Professor has it in contemplation to make another ascent in a few days, on which voyage he will be accompanied by a member of the press; but Britton says he will not lend another dog to be parachuted.

THE PEPPER CASE.

The Two Human Fiends are Fined $50 Each.

The case against the man Pepper and his wife, for cruel, brutal and inhuman treatment of a little child, was yesterday morning taken up by Commissioner Richards and disposed of by fining each of the precious couple fifty dollars. In default of this sum, they both were locked up in a cell in the first district station house. We are sorry that this case has thus been disposed of. We have been informed, from day to day, that the Grand Jury of the Municipal Court had, or would have, the case under consideration, and that criminal proceedings would be instituted against this fiendish couple. It seems, however, that the information was not correct, and they are about to escape with the paltry fine of $100. On the principle "*non bis in idem*," we suppose that the fine imposed, closes the prosecution of the case. The facts in this affair develope the most awful and terrible cruelty imaginable, and are a disgrace to the age in which we live. The woman was in the daily habit of cruelly beating and starving the poor, helpless child, and on the occasion which caused their arrest, she and her husband had secured her so that she could not move and then seared her face, neck and shoulders with a red hot iron; Such cruelty is almost too horrid to believe; and yet the testimony was there—the poor little scarred and maimed creature herself, being the most incontrovertible and awful witness of the crime.

We hope for the sake of humanity and civilization that some further steps will be taken toward the punishment of these two devils in human form.

REGISTER!

Countrymen! White men! The Registrar *grants* you one more day to enrol your names and obtain certificates entitling you to vote in the coming election. Do not fail to avail yourselves of this last chance! All who dwell within six miles of the city will be registered.

Prize and Not Coal Oil.

MEMPHIS, TENN., October 30, 1868.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

In your paper this morning your correspondent at Hickory Wythe states that Mr. Berlin's store was burnt by the clerk pacing a lamp too near a barrel of coal oil—it ignited. When a fire occurs coal oil has to bear the blame, whether the cause or not. In this case it was *petro oil* that caused the burning of the store. We should suppose that our community ought to be satisfied ere this with the various humbug oils that are manufactured out of the refuse of *coal oil.* Coal oil, pure article, will not catch fire by dropping a match in it, while petro, aurora, light house, solar, anchor, and lastly, *mammoth,* will ignite two inches from it. At the present prices of a pure article of coal oil, fire test, 110 degrees, it is astonishing that our community will buy such humbug oils. With the sun comet or sun hinge burners a light equal to gas can be produced for one-half a cent an hour, and no explosion can happen, for they convey no heat to the oil.
D. F. PRESCOTT & CO.

BALTIMORE OYSTERS just received per express, at Memphis Oyster Depot, No. 36 Jefferson street. Seventy-five cents per can. oc28 6t

THE Boulevard Skirt, in great variety can be found at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

SCHOOL SCRIP! SCHOOL SCRIP!! wanted at Memphis City Savings Bank, corner of Jefferson and Front streets. oct27 tf

NASHVILLE.

Annual Communication of the R. W. Grand Encampment and Lodge I. O. O. F.

Twenty-Third Annual Session Grand Division Sons of Temperance.

Special Correspondence Memphis Appeal.

NASHVILLE, TENN., October 28, 1868.

I wrote you a letter yesterday evening, but for some reason it was neglected, and lay in the delivery box until too late for the mail. I therefore combine the second and third days in the following letter:

SECOND DAY.

The Grand Encampment met pursuant to adjournment at nine o'clock a.m. After reading and approving the minutes of the preceeding day, the Committee on Credentials reported in favor of receiving several delegates not necessary to mention by name.

A resolution was adopted that the report of the Grand Representative be printed in the minutes of this R. W. G. Encampment.

The Encampment went into secret session and proceeded to the election of officers with the following result:

A. O. H. P. Sehon, R. W. G. Patriarch, Murfreesboro; P. T. Phillips, M. E. G. High Priest, Nashville; Geo. F. Fuller, R. W. G. S. Warden, Nashville; R. H. Barry, R. W. G. Scribe, Nashville; Robert Thompson, R. W. G. Treasurer, Nashville; J. M. Comegys, R. W. G. J. Warden, Brownsville; John F. Hide, R. W. G. Representative in Grand Lodge United States.

The committee to whom was referred the report of the Grand Patriarch, returned a series of resolutions, which were laid over until the afternoon session, when they were taken up and adopted.

These resolutions sustain the action of the Grand Patriarch in every particular. Among them were the following:

Resolved, That Washington Encampment No. 2, Wilson Encampment No. 15 and Golden Rule Encampment No. 22 shall have ninety days after the adjournment of this R. W. G. Body, to go to work and comply with the laws of this R. W. G. Encampment, governing subordinate Encampments.

Resolved, That after the expiration of ninety days, should there be no evidence in the hands of the Grand Patriarch of the above Encampments having complied with the above resolution, he shall without delay demand the books, charter and all the effects of said Encampment, after which at any time should seven members in good standing of any one of those Encampments be willing to resuscitate the Encampment to which they belong, it shall be made the duty of the Grand Patriarch to return to them all they lost by becoming defunct.

After the report of the Finance Committee was read, the Grand Encampment proceeded to the installation of officers for the ensuing year.

A report was received from J. P. Prescott, of Memphis, chairman of the Committee on the state of the Order, in which the following recommendations were made, viz:

That section first, article third of the Constitution be amended so that hereafter the Grand Encampment shall be composed of all the P. G.'s and P. H. P.'s and such representatives as shall be elected by the subordinate Encampments under her jurisdiction, and that all legislative power shall be vested in the representatives duly elected, and P. C. P.'s and P. H. P.'s, except representatives, only allowed to vote for the election and removal of Grand officers. Each Encampment shall be entitled to elect one representative, and any Encampment having one hundred members, two representatives, who shall be elected annually, on the first meeting night in July, to serve for one year. Each qualified representative to receive five cents per mile in going to and returning from the Grand Encampment, as mileage, and two dollars a day while in attendance as representatives. That the Grand Encampment shall at each session levy a *per capita* tax on the subordinate Encampments, sufficient to meet the expenses in carrying out the article.

The report was received, and that portion necessary to carry out the representative system adopted.

The Encampment, after transacting some other unimportant business, adjourned till seven o'clock Thursday evening.

THIRD DAY.

The R. W. G. Lodge met this morning at nine o'clock. The following is a list of the Grand Officers, all of whom were present:

Hervey Brown, M. W. G. Master, of Jackson; M. R. Elliot, R. W. D. G. Master, of Gallatin; W. E. Foust, R. W. G. Warden, of Lebanon; R. H. Barry, R. W. G. Secretary, of Nashville; Robert Thompson, R. W. G. Treasurer, of Nashville; W. G. Hensley, R. W. G. Chaplain, of Connersville; James T. Bell, R. W. G. Conductor, of Edgefield; George Sieferle, R. W. G. Guardian, of Nashville.

The Lodge was opened with prayer by the Grand Chaplain, W. G. Hensley. The Grand Master appointed Messrs. Christopher, Hide and Ramsey a Committee of Three on Credentials, and announced the following additional committees:

State of the Order—H. D. Connell, G. W Day, James Rogers. Legislation—C. B. Hall, S. E. H. Dance, M. E. Wilcox. Finance—Thomas Moffitt, W. B Smith, J. E Helm. Returns of Subordinates—W. H. McConnell, Hugh Carroll, M. Frank. Charters and Petitions—A. O. H. P. Sehorn, J. S. McLemore, W. H. Shutte. Appeals and grievances—Thos J. Shaw, H. R. A. McCorkle, Geo. Mellersh. Unfinished Business—Stith Richardson, J. C. Fleming, J. C, Jarrell. Mileage and Per Diem—C. M. Carroll, P. T. Phillips, J. M. McCaffrey.

The Committee on Credentials reported a list of sixty-six P. G.'s to be admitted and receive the Grand Lodge degrees; and that the certificates of fifty-two representatives were correct.

A committee was appointed to wait upon E. D. Farnsworth, Grand Sire elect, and invite him to visit the Grand Body in session.

The Grand Master Hervey Brown then submitted his annual report, a copy of which I send you in full. Thinking, however, that you might not have space for it in extenso, I have made the following excerpts:

From the reports of the Grand Officers and my Deputies, I assure you that success has crowned our efforts and an unexampled prosperity has attended us during the past year.

No Lodge that was working when I entered upon the duties of my present office has suspended or ceased to exist; on the contrary *eleven* of the old Lodges that had suspended during our national troubles have rekindled the altar fires of the Order and have re-entered our family circle; and I trust that these fires thus rekindled may burn brighter and brighter in the dissemination of the glorious principles of the Order until all mankind shall acknowledge but one law—the law of Universal Brotherhood.

The initiations into the Order during the year number about six hundred, good men and true, voluntarily seeking a home in the Order. Thus daily, accessions swell our ranks, and new temples are consecrated to the service of the hallowed principles of Friendship, Love and Truth.

The Grand Master recommends very strongly the doing away with the use of written books in the initiation, and ritual, by explaining the terms and conditions of the gift of $1600 from the Southern Relief Fund to the Order in Tennessee, and informs the Grand Body that $1500 of it are still in the treasury.

The Grand Master reported that he had addressed a letter to the Grand Master of the Masonic Fraternity of the State of Tennessee, in obedience to the following resolution:

"*Resolved,* That the Grand Master be requested to confer with the Grand Master of the Masonic Fraternity, and endeavor to arrange some plan whereby there will be harmony and concert of action between the two Orders in the burial service of a brother who may be attached to them both."

His letter had been referred to a committee by the Grand Lodge of Masons, who had reported as follows, which effectually ended the matter:

"The committee to whom was referred the communication of the R. W. Grand Master of the Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F. of Tennessee, have had the same under consideration, and while we heartily reciprocate the sentiments of fraternal regard, and unite in a desire for a concert of action in the "Burial Service" of a Brother who was a member of both Orders, we are not able to present any plan by which the want of harmony and incongruity of action in the burial service can be removed. We are, therefore, under the necessity of recommending that no action be taken upon the subject at present, further than a fraternal recognition of the communication and a return, through our M. W. Grand Master, of our action upon the subject."

DECISIONS.

The following are the most important decisions rendered by the Grand Master during the past year:

That a brother was not compelled to be confined to his bed or room to be entitled to benefits—it is sufficient if he is unable by sickness or casualty to pursue an avocation so as to earn a livelihood.

That a brother suspended on account of non-payment of dues is not entitled to visit his Lodge while suspended; and if he by any means gets the password, this does not, while his suspension continues, entitle him to visit the Lodge, and the N. G. should exclude him. Art. 29, sec. 1, Phillips Lodge.

That an indictment found against a Brother, without conviction or proof of its truth, is not alone a sufficient ground to expel him.

A Lodge has no right to refuse or withhold benefits to a Brother entitled under the law, when applied for.

A candidate cannot legally be initiated at a meeting called for that purpose, it not being a regular or adjourned meeting of the Lodge.

On "Immoralities" the Grand Master says that the vice of intoxication is alarmingly prevalent—some of the officers and members having so far forgotten themselves as to appear at their Lodges and in public in a state of drunkenness. He hurled the anathemas of the Order at the vice, and demands more efficient legislation for its suppression.

He also deprecates and anathematizes the system of buttonholing and electioneering for offices in the Order, and declares it an evil that ought at once and forever to be eradicated.

The Grand Master calls the attention of the Order to the fact that the funds for the support of the widows and orphans are so commingled with the other means of the Lodge, so that it is impossible to separate them, and they are used as the common funds of the Lodge. This should not be permitted. The sacredness of these funds should be recognized. To use, absorb or squander them is a crime against the high morality of the Order, and should be corrected and guarded against in the future. He therefore recommends some stringent legislation in the matter.

Since we last met in annual communication, death has fallen upon two of the brotherhood—members of this Grand Body—P. G. Representative J. M. Littlefield, of Chickasaw Lodge No. 8, and P. G. G. W. Talley, of Dyersburg Lodge No. 65.

The Grand Master paid a glowing and well deserved tribute to the memories of each. [You have, I believe, published the obituary of P. G. G. W. Talley which the M. M. quoted on the occasion.]

Finally the Grand Master eulogised the Grand Secretary and Dep. G. Master, and returned them thanks for their assistance. He disparages the system of D. D. G. Master and suggests an amendment to it:

"Forms of reports should be printed and furnished each of these officers, that they may thus furnish the statistics of the Order. There is now little information for want of these forms, and as a consequence the statistics are very incomplete, and could not be compiled from these reports."

He concluded his report with the hope that all may be guided by wisdom, act with prudence, zeal and brotherly love, in discharging the duties of the present session, and thus secure the perpetuity and promote the honor of our Order.

The reading of the Grand Master's report closed the morning session. In the afternoon at two o'clock the Grand Lodge reassembled. The reports of the Grand Secretary and Grand Treasurer were received and referred to the Finance Committee. [It matters not how requiring resolutions and reports of committees to lie over one day before being acted on, was suspended for the remainder of the session.

By a resolution, carried unanimously, ten o'clock to-morrow (Thursday) morning, was set for the election of officers.

Grand Master Brown introduced Grand Sire Elect E. D. Farnsworth to the Grand Lodge, and the G. S. addressed them in a short but eloquent speech, after which the body adjourned to to-morrow morning at nine o'clock.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

The Grand Division of the "Sons" met at their Hall this morning, for their twenty-third annual session. There were a large number of representatives present, from all parts of the State. They organized and opened the session in the morning with the following officers: George S. Blachle, G. W. P.; J. M. Shivers, G. W. A.; J. Henry Curry, G. S; E. W. Adams, G. W; A. Frizzell, G. Conductor; E. F. Sevier, G. Chaplain; R. M. Whitescarver, G. Secretary; A. Nelson, P. G. W. P.

After initiating some twenty new members, they adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon, when they reassembled, and after the transaction of important business, adjourned till 7 o'clock p.m. At that time they met and proceeded to the election of officers, with the following result;

Thos. H. Cocke, Memphis, G. W. P.; Jas. T. Patterson, Nashville, G. W. A.; Dr. John H. Curry, Nashville, G. S; E. W. Adams, Nashville, G. T.; E. H. Osborne, Medon, G. Chaplain; Abe Frizzell, Pulaski, G. Conductor; R. M. Whitescauer, Lebanon, G. S.

These officers were duly installed, and an election of representatives to the National Division was gone into. The following were elected, and the Grand Division adjourned:

P. G. W. P.'s, Isaac Litton, S. S. Hale, John H. Curry, Jos. S. Caries, W. B. Cooper, Thos. J. Haile, Anson Nelson, Jos. R. Anderson, W. B. Thompson, Thos. Norman, Geo. S. Blackie.

P. G. W. A.'s, Isaac Paul, L. E. Lynn, G. W. Blakemore, John Clendenning, W. A. Wherry, J. H. Farrar, Isaac W. Moore, J. N. Powell, Jno. M. Shivers.

P. G. Scribe, W. P. Jones. G. W. P., Thomas H. Cocke, G. W. A., J. T. Patterson.

Yours truly, O. F.

THE RUTH FOR NEW ORLEANS.—The elegant and capacious steamer Ruth is now in port, and will leave at 5 p.m. for Vicksburg and New Orleans. Cotton shippers should avail themselves of this opportunity, as she will go through in four days without fail. This is one day and a half quicker than via the Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, and is much cheaper, that road charging $2 50 per bale. Passengers bound South will find all the comforts of an elegant home on the Ruth. Capt. Pegram, her commander, is well known in Memphis as a careful and competent officer.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

October 31, 1867, I took out a ten payment policy in the Traveler's Life and Accident Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., for $5000, for which I paid cash, semi-annually, $27 36, and that upon paying my third semi annual premium, (it being the first semi-annual payment of the second year), I received $36 20 dividend in cash, or a reversionary dividend of $193. This Company is represented by H. P. Butler of this city, who is General Agent for the Southern district, and is, in my opinion, one of the very best of Life Companies, and I most cordially recommend all those wishing Life Insurance to call upon Mr. Butler. He proves his statements with figures which will not *lie,* and I am pleased to say his statements to their fullest extent, have proved true in my case.

Yours truly, A. W. YOUNG.
MEMPHIS, October 31, 1868.

JUST received, 50 dozen Alexander Kid Gloves, at $1 75 per pair, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street. tf

THE RITUALISTIC WAR.

Reply to Churchman and Lady Member of St. Lazarus.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Oct. 27, 1868.

Rev. James W. Rogers:

In reply to your questions I beg leave to say that I was present when the letter of the Rev. Dr. Wheat to the Rev. Mr. Brooks was shown to you.

You made no promise whatever that you would not use the information conveyed therein, when you deemed it necessary to do so, and with this understanding the contents of the letter were made known to you.

RICHARD HINES.

The Rev. Dr. White, Rector of Calvary, also said in my presence, that the above is "*every word true,*" for that he was also present, and that no other persons but themselves were present when this letter was shown Mr. Rogers, and yet a slander, reiterated in your lady's communication this morning, has been going the rounds to the following effect: that Rev. Mr. Rogers was guilty of a breach of confidence, in referring to this letter in the APPEAL, having made a promise, it was alleged, never to speak of it, if the clergy would show it to him. Thus, you see, Mr. R. and his friends answer by *facts* all the slanders gotten up to break down his services.

Yesterday, when attacked, he referred to Messrs. Thos. H. Allen, Wm. S Pickett, Duncan McRae, Samuel P. Walker, Jr., P. T. Scruggs and myself, for the *facts,* both of his serving at Lazarus so long, without compensation, instead of making, as you insinuate, a great *speculation,* and also for the fair and honorable "*sale he made of lands* to the Southern Asylum"—the above attorneys drawing the contracts. You dared not attack him again on these points, with such witnesses confronting you, but "lady" employs inuendo, the meanest of weapons, thus: "I know in what manner Dr. Rogers became possessed of the knowledge that such a letter had been sent." I trust you are answered by the above certificate. Again, "Churchman" says: "If Mr. Rogers would tell the truth, he would acknowledge that he never was *Rector of St. Lazarus.*" The Vestry answer his reckless impertinence thus:

MEMPHIS, October 30, 1868.

Rev. J. W. Rogers:

Dear Sir: In answer to your note of yesterday, I have to say, that on examination of the "minute book" of St. Lazarus Church, I find, on the 14th of May, 1866, when the parish was fully and regularly organized, you were unanimously elected Rector of the parish.

On the 8th of January, 1867, I find by the "minutes" that the Vestry met to consider a letter from you, resigning the Rectorship, and a committee was appointed to urge you to withdraw it. This was not effected, however, and the parish for a time was without a Rector.

Again, on the 29th of March, 1867, the Vestry held a meeting—the object announced: "The propriety of calling him (you) again to his (your) old charge," and a committee was appointed to open a correspondence with you on the subject—the causes which led to your previous resignation having materially changed in the meantime. The result of this correspondence was your re-election and acceptance of the Rectorship of the Church.

Very respectfully, W. S. PICKETT,
Secretary of the Parish of St. Lazarus.

Again, one of you, who assaulted him as a *soldier* yesterday, now, since he appealed to the soldiers of Memphis, whine out, "I did not say he acted an '*unmanly part,*' but that he was not '*the man of God.*'" Perhaps not, after your style. I saw one of your darlings, wrapped in woolen from head to foot, in the retreat from Franklin, when a poor frostbitten soldier was warming what toes he had left by a fire. *Your* "man of God" accosted him thus: "Straggler, what command do you belong to?" Soldier—"Sixth Tennessee; to what command do you belong, stranger?" Rolling his eyes up to Heaven, your preacher exclaimed, "To the command of the Lord of Hosts." "Well," ejaculated the soldier, "You are a long ways from *headquarters.*" Mr. Rogers never rolls his eyes up, nor puts on specially to seem what *you call* the man of God; but I know, and everybody here knows that he encountered the most appalling dangers during the war as Chaplain in the army, and preached faithfully in his command. But you could no more expect him to answer you every day, through the columns of a public journal, than a lion to stop in his proud march and combat every little pismire that crawled up and tickled his legs.

HENRY A. ROGERS.

THE COURTS.

CHANCERY COURT—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor.*—Yesterday was motion day in this Court. Court will not be in session to-day. The following is the calendar for Monday, November 2, 1868:

34 Smith vs Mynatt et al.
41 Jackson Insurance Company vs Partee et al.
402 Clay vs Jackson Insurance Company.
415 Rocco vs Memphis Bulletin Company.
418 Stoehelmer vs Kaufman.
419 Butor vs Memphis Bulletin Company.
423 Cash vs Bolton.
434 May vs Pugh.

Inserted below will be found recent cases decided by the Chancellor:

Hines vs Flynn.
Block vs Friesly.
Kerr vs Kerr.
Edwards vs Kraft.
Polesta vs Arit.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.*—The Court is still engaged in the trial of George Campbell, the case had not been given to the jury at a late hour yesterday. To day the cases heretofore published will be called and in addition thereto those cases set for trial for to-day by agreement of counsel.

CIRCUIT COURT—*George W. Reeves, Judge.*—On yesterday the following cases were disposed of:

Smith vs McGrath, judgment for plaintiff $270 00.
Stewart & Bro vs Robertson, judgment for plaintiff, $1878 77.
Same vs Muncrief, judgment for plaintiff, $881 02.
Dickens, use P P Ward vs Cash, adm'r, judgment for defendant.
Benner vs Goodman, judgment for plaintiff, 4280.

On to-day the following cases are set for trial:

20 Orgill Bros vs Wm Farris et al.
28 Springfield vs Armour.
44 Stewart Bro vs Armour.
73 Stewart vs Chapman.
74 Beauseau vs Maness.
75 Edwards vs M & O R R.
76 Sanderlin vs M & O R R.
77 Bell vs M & O R R.
78 Dickens vs Cash.
79 Barnett vs Cimes.
80 Jackson Insurance Co vs Parker.
81 Blood vs May.
82 Talmadge vs Hill.
84 Johnson vs M & O R R.

The court will adjourn on to-day until court in course.

LAW COURT—*H. S. Lee, Judge.*—All the cases set for yesterday were disposed of, either by trial or continuance.

In the case of Chandler vs. Harris the jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff.

To-day will be motion day in this court.

PROGRESS.—Columbus sailed to the American coast in a four hundred ton ship, and first landed upon the island of St. Domingo. Last week a vessel from St. Domingo unloaded in New York over four hundred tons of St. Croix Rum for P. H. Drake & Co., of that city. This is but a few weeks' supply of this article, which these gentlemen use in the manufacture of the celebrated Plantation Bitters. We are informed by an exchange that Messrs. Drake & Co. have not advertised a dollar for a year, but that the sales of this article continue at the former enormous figure. In 1864, the receipts of the Plantation Bitters were equal to those of the New York and New Haven Railroad.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. 31d&w

LARGE lot of good Madder Prints, at 12½c. 233 Main street.
oc27 tf RICE & ENGEL.

500 SUITS CLOTHING, from $5 to $10, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.
oc27 tf

A FINE lot of black and colored Alpacas just opened by Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street. tf

TO THE DEMOCRACY.

Dr. Leftwich Contradicts a Base Rumor.

MEMPHIS, TENN., October 30, 1868.

To my Fellow-Citizens of the Eighth Congressional District:

I hear of prevailing rumors in some parts of the District to the effect that I have compromised with one of my opponents and agreed to withdraw from the canvass.

I write this brief and hastily prepared circular to say: Those who know me need not be told that I make no compromises that would, as in this instance, compromise my personal and political honor. Such reports are not only false on the very face, but are evidently circulated as the dernier resort of a demoralized and defeated party.

I accepted with grateful pride the nomination of the Democratic party, feeling confident of my ability to defeat Radicalism in this District, whether it ran one or more candidates, and every day's experience since that time has but confirmed that belief.

From a thorough canvass of the District and information from reliable friends, I am warranted in saying, I will not only get every Democratic and Conservative vote, but many Radicals of the more reputable class, who are thoroughly disgusted with the general conduct of the canvass as between my opponents and their immediate partisan supporters.

I can farther add that the large class of colored voters—especially in the rural districts—who feel identified with the interests of this State, and who are content to earn a livelihood by honest toil, will vote the Democratic ticket almost to a man.

It is in the power of the Democracy of this District to elect me by a handsome majority over *both* of my opponents, and I hope they will remember that this withdrawal dodge is the same one they have attempted to get up to the prejudice of our national candidates; and others equally false and unfounded may be looked for, and must be guarded against, on the very eve of the election.

Yours, respectfully,
JNO. W. LEFTWICH.

LARGE lot Gents' L. B. Shirts, for sale low, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.
oc27 tf

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER

Last night of the favorite artiste, Miss CHARLOTTE THOMPSON.

Saturday Evening, October 31.—Will be produced SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER—Miss Hardcastle, Miss Charlotte Thompson. On Monday Night the great play entitled LUCILLE; or, sunded by the Sands of Egypt.

SCALE OF PRICES.—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Orchestra Chairs, $1 50; Family Circle, 50 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents.

Doors open at 7 o'clock; curtain will rise a quarter to 8 precisely. Box-book open from 10 o'clock a.m. to 5 p.m.

GREENLAW OPERA HOUSE

Saturday, Oct. 31, 1868,
LAST NIGHT OF
HASELMAYER'S SOIREE.

This Afternoon, at 2½ o'clock,
GRAND MATINEE.

Admission 50 cents to all parts of the house. oc 1 1t

PROF. TEPE having permanently located in Memphis, will take a few more pupils. Instruction given on Piano, Organ and in Vocal Music. Twenty years' experience in teaching. References—Professors Leo Wheat, Winkler and Hollenberg, Rev. Dr. Wheat, J. W. Clapp, Esq., Mrs. Morgan, D. F. Boyle, Esq., Col. D. K. McRae, etc. Apply at the music store of F. Katzenbach. oc28 1w

Dancing Academy.

PROF. MOOK has commenced his session of Dancing Lessons at his old Hall, 251 Second street, Jefferson Block. For Ladies and Children, Wednesday and Saturday evenings; Gents, Tuesday and Thursday nights. Private parties every two weeks. oc23 1m

VARIETIES THEATER,

Corner Main and Washington Sts.

C. H. H. BROOM.....Proprietor
J. S. BERRY.....Stage Manager

THE ABOVE POPULAR PLACE OF AMUSEMENT IS

OPEN EVERY EVENING,

With a variety of Songs, Dances, Farces, Burlesques, Negro Acts, etc.
Admission, 50c. Private boxes, $5. oc3 1m

COTTON---COMMISSION.

T. B. NORMENT. A. P. GRAVES

NORMENT & CRAVES,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
No. 4 Howard's Row.
UP-STAIRS, : : : MEMPHIS, TENN

Bagging, Rope, Ties and Plantation Supplies furnished. au18-3m

S. M. ANDERSON. M. HAWKS. P. H. DAVIS.

S. M. ANDERSON & CO.,
COTTON BUYERS,
304 Front St., Memphis, Tenn.

Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments to GEO. BLACKBURN & CO., Boston, Mass., or A. C. SCHAEFER & CO., New York. oct11-1m

E. DASHIELL, Memphis, Tenn. H. E. HILLIARD, Somerville, Tenn.

DASHIELL & HILLIARD,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 296 Front Street, : Memphis, Tenn.

Bagging and Rope furnished to parties who will ship us their Cotton. au8 3m

VIRGIL V. MOORE, EDWIN WHITFIELD

MOORE, WHITFIELD & CO.
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
NO. 1 HOWARD'S ROW,
Cor. of Union and Front Sts., Memphis, Tenn.

Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished to customers. Agents for the "Taylor Gin" and Owen's Universal Cotton Cleaner. sep13 3m

WM. McGEE, Memphis, Tenn. R. F. HERRON, Late of Shane, Bell & Co.

McGEE & HERRON,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
254 Front St., Up-stairs, Memphis, Tenn

Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market rates sep20 daw3m

D. H. TOWNSEND,
COTTON FACTOR
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 256 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : TENN.

Bagging, Rope and Ties

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FINANCE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL,
MEMPHIS, October 30, 1868.

The feeling in County bonds to-day was not so good, and sellers were numerous. We learn that Barbour Lewis has signified his willingness to issue bonds over his own signature to all who have any doubt about the legality of those signed during his absence by Mr. Merriman. It is also said that while North he purchased a "double-cylinder" press in order to work off Warrants more rapidly, his old "press" not being able to strike off the "large edition" required. Be this as it may, a very large issue of County Warrants is anticipated and the market has been sensibly affected thereby. A sale of $9000 at 64½ was reported to-day, but we are satisfied that any amount could be purchased at these figures. Brokers report large offerings both for present and future delivery, and many of them consider the market fully 5@ lower than on Tuesday last.

In Exchange there is rather less doing than yesterday and money was tighter, in consequence of the delay of the Express Company in delivering packages which should have come to hand early this morning or last evening. Several large money packages were not received until the banks had closed. Some inconvenience was caused by the delay, but it is only temporary and would not have occurred had the transfers made connections. The demand for currency for shipment to the interior is large, while that for Exchange is light upon all points. Eastern bills are taken at ½@¾ discount and sold at par.

Gold opened in New York at 134¾ and closed at 134¾. Our dealers bought at 133@134 and sold at 135c.

City bonds are quiet. Orders are on the market for any amount at figures varying from 52@53, but none can be bought at under 54@55c, while many holders ask 56. Nearly all our bonds have been taken by home and Eastern capitalists and it is only occasionally that one makes its appearance for sale. Railroad stocks and bonds are firm, with quotations nominal.

City Scrip is in active demand and firm; 81@81½ were the offering rates by dealers, who sell to tax payers at 84@86.

Police and School Scrip is firm with no change to note.

Statistics furnished to the National Board of Underwriters show that in the State of New York there are 122 fire insurance companies, Massachusetts, 13, Rhode Island 8, Connecticut 11, Pennsylvania 8, Maryland 2, Ohio 4, Illinois 2, California 3—a total of 173. Besides the above, three foreign companies are represented. The combined capital amounts to $58,683,617. Gross income from fire insurance, $39,201,716 38. Expenses, $12,236,293 77. Losses, $22,495,571 96. Of the capital, $23,300,500 is invested in U. S. securities.

COTTON.

The Liverpool market to-day was steady at the opening—Uplands, 11d; Orleans, 11¼—and at 1:20 p.m. was steady at the same quotations; sales 12,000 bales; week's sales 119,000, of this amount 33,000 were taken for export and 18,000 by speculators; stock 400,000, of which 32,000 are American. The second dispatch received gives the total stock 45,000 bales greater, or 445,000 bales; stock afloat 315,000, of which 29,000 are American.

In New York at noon the demand was moderate and prices firm—Uplands, 25½c; and closed without change; sales 2000 bales.

The New Orleans market opened quiet and weak, with quotations nominally unchanged, and closed quiet but steady; Middlings, 23½c; sales 2000 bales.

Our market was quiet early in the day but sales were large before the close, and prices were nearly the same as on yesterday—if anything a fraction lower—some sellers thought prices were down ½ to ⅛, but we think the inside figure would cover the decline. We quote sales of 30 bales good ordinary at 21½c; 50, 21, and 33 at 21c; 7, 75 and 13 at 21½c; 26 at 21½c; 61 at 21¾; 75 low middlings, 85 and 40 at 21¾c; 28, 81, 60, 80, 62 and 50 at 22c; 90 middlings at 22c; 25 at 22½c; 7, 225 9, 75 and 10 at 22¾; 35 and 100 at 22¾c; 100 at 23¼c; 46 strict middlings and 31 at 22½c; 6, 29, 23, 7 and 15 at 23c; 7 and 26 at 23½c; 19 at 23¾.

COTTON STATEMENT.
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE,
MEMPHIS, October 30, 1868.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868		47
Received to-day	2,221	
Received previously	41,371	43,592
		43,639
Exported to-day	1,858	
Exported previously	29,127	30 985
		12,654
Stock on hand to-day, 12 m		12,651

TRADE.

There is but little change to note in the general markets to-day. Prices are steady and the demand is fairly active for nearly all kinds of merchandise.

The prospects for the coming season are favorable for a large increase in the hog crop over that of last season. In Chicago and Cincinnati killing has already commenced upon a small scale. In Louisville where it is expected 200,000 head will be packed this season against 140 000 last season, they will not commence killing before the 20th of next month. It is probable that prices will range from 6 to 7c, but packers are not yet contracting except to feel the market. The summary of the total packing the past season is as follows, by States:

	1867 8
Ohio	557,409
Illinois	1,06 704
Indiana	326,078
Iowa	177 044
Wisconsin	161,9 8
Missouri	93,71
Kentucky	157 880
Grand Total	2,781,084

The general averages for all are—of hogs, 201 pounds, and of leaf lard, 21¾ pounds.

For the month ending September 23d, 202 000 bags of coffee were sold in Rio de Janeiro; of this amount 93 000 bags were taken for shipment to the United States. There had been a further decline in the prices of all descriptions, excepting ordinary firsts, but the market was firm at the reduction.

Many planters of the Lafourche district of Louisiana have made a "run" in grinding their sugar cane, with results which have proved satisfactory, most of them realizing something near 1000 pounds to the acre. The sugar proves of a fair quality, and considering that the cane rolled is none of the best, the yield is good. We have reason therefore to anticipate a good crop, and one that will remunerate the planters for the last two years' labor and expenses.

APPLES—Stock fair. Choice eating are firm at $6@8 cooking $3 50@5.

BEANS—Navy are in light demand at $4 50@5 per bushel.

BRAN—Held in store at $20@23. A lot on the levee sold at $25. Retail ing at $1 50 per 100.

BAGGING—There is a fair demand and market weak, as stocks are heavy. Light Kentucky 18@18c; heavy 21@22½c; Jute 25@26c. No demand for India—nominally 38c.

BACON—Stock improving—Sides clear sides sold from levee at 17¾c, but holders ask 18@18¾c in lots; jobbing at 19½c; clear rib 17½c; sides 18@18½c.

BUTTER—The market is weak. Extra choice is held at 48c; choice 40@44c.

CHEESE—Full York and demand. Factory 17½@ 8c; E. D. 17½@18c; W. R. 16¾@17¾c.

CORN—No change to report. Old corn scarce. New in lots 75@80c; in store in a small way 90@95c; car corn in sacks 65@70c.

CORN MEAL—Very dull, $4 65 delivered, is the best figure we could learn of, but a lot on levee could not find a purchaser at over $4 50@4 55.

CHICKENS—Fair demand at $3 50@4 50 for young and old.

EGGS—Market bare; a few received were closed out at 35@39c.

CATTLE—The market is steady and fairly supplied. Choice beeves are held at 7@9c; inferior $4@5.

FRUIT—Dried fruits are lower. Apples 7@7½c. Peaches in halves 11c; quarters 9c.

FLOUR—The market is dull and prices unsettled and irregular. Superfine to choice, $5 50@8 15. Stock large.

HAY—Stock ample for local purposes. Selling on levee at $25. In a retail way from store $1 50 per 100.

HAMS—Fair demand. S. C. canvassed 19@20c. Country 17@18½c.

HIDES—Receipts light. Dry flint, 21@22c; dry salted 20c; green in the market; second quality held at 9 to 10c; Fair butcher's demand. A few dead hogs were offered on Front street at 12c.

IRON TIES—There is a fair stock on hand, with good demand. Selling at 7½@7¾c, as to style of tie.

LARD—Kegs 21@21½c; tierces 19½@20c.

LIME—Fair stock and demand. Cape and Alabama $1 75@2; Eureka $2@2 25.

MESS PORK—The supply is light. Held at $31 50@33 from store.

MOLASSES—Stock light with very fair demand. We quote New Orleans reboiled, in barrels, 65@70c. New Orleans syrups 80@85c; Eastern syrups 55@65c; half-barrels 5c higher.

MACKEREL—New kits No 1, $2 75@2 90; No. 2 $2 50@2 70; No. 3, $2 30@2 50.

NAILS—Prices steady; rates $5 30@5 40.

OATS—Held on levee at 60@65c; from store 65@70c.

OILS—Coal oil, 35@40c; lard oil, $1 90@1 75; linseed, $1 20@1 40.

ONIONS—Good supply; selling at $1 45 per bushel or $4 per barrel.

POTATOES—Northern, in sacks, per bushel $1 @1 40; Minnesota per barrel $3 50. Sweet Potatoes 60@75c per bushel.

PEPPER—Very little selling. Held at 9@10c.

SUGAR—Stock moderate. Porto Rico 11@11½c. Coffee sugars 10@17c.

SALT—Prices steady. Held at $3 10@3 25 per barrel of 280 lbs; 7 bushel barrels, $4 00@4 25; Liverpool sack, coarse and fine, $3@3 25.

SHEEP—Very few in market. Tennessee held at $3@6 per head as to quality.

TAR In kegs, per dozen, $3@3 50.

TURKEYS—Only a few in market. Held at $15@15.

TOBACCO—The market is moderately active for all kinds of manufactured tobacco and prices are steady.

WHISKY—Fair demand for common at $1 05@1 25. Highwines $1 35@1 20 @ 1th high stock; Imitation Bourbon $1 35@1 75; Bourbon $2 @4.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR VICKSBURG.

Regular St. Louis, Memphis and Vicksburg United States Mail Packet.
For Vicksburg and the Bends.

JULIA.....Lockhart master

This splendid passenger packet will leave as above

THIS DAY, 31st inst., at 5 p.m.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
oc31 1t 7½ Madison street.

FOR CINCINNATI.

Regular Memphis and Cincinnati Packet—For Cairo, Evansville, Louisville and Cincinnati.

MINNIE.....J. S. Doyle master

This superb passenger steamer will leave as above on

THIS DAY, 31st inst., at 5 p.m.

VINSON & DONAHUE, Agents,
oc31 1t 254 Front street.

FOR WHITE RIVER.

Merchants' and Planters' Line.

Regular Memphis and White River Independent Packet.—For Helena, Friar's Point, De Vall's Bluff, Little Rock, Augusta and Jacksonport.

DES ARC.....John D. Elliott master

This fine passenger packet leaves for the above on

MONDAY, November 2d, at 5 p.m.

ELLIOTT & MILLER, Agents,
No. 5 Jefferson street.

Dave Hukill, Passenger Agent. oc31 3t

Memphis and White River U. S. Mail Packet Company.

MAYFLOWER.....Ashford master

This excellent steamer leaves Memphis as above,

SATURDAY, 31st inst., at 5 p.m:

For freight or passage apply to

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
oc30 2t Star Wharfboat, foot Jefferson st.

Memphis and White River U. S. Mail Packet Company.

MAYFLOWER.....Ashford master

This excellent steamer leaves Memphis as above,

SATURDAY, 31st inst., at 5 p.m.

For freight or passage apply to

LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
No. 250 Front Row.

J. A. Sayers, Passenger Agent. oc30 2t

FOR ARKANSAS RIVER.

Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company—United States Mail—For Helena, Napoleon, Pine Bluff, Dardanelle, Van Buren, Fort Smith, Fort Gibson, and all landings on the Arkansas river.

OZARK.....H. Blasdell, Master

This fine passenger packet will leave as above, on

MONDAY, November 2 at 5 p.m.

For freight or passage apply to

T. A. KENDIG, Agent,
oc30 4t 304 Front st., Mosby Block.

FOR ST. LOUIS.

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company—U. S. Mail Line.

For Cairo and St. Louis.

Connecting at St. Louis with all the Railroads and Steamboat Lines for the East, West and North.

CITY OF ALTON.....Wm. Thompson master

This new and splendid passenger steamer will leave as above on

SATURDAY, 31st inst., at 5 p.m.

For freight only apply to

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
oc30 2t 7½ Madison street.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packet

MISSISSIPPI.....Green master

This elegant passenger steamer will leave

WEDNESDAY, November 4th, at 5 p.m.

MART WALT & CO.,
Agents, 274 Front street.
oc31 5t

For New Orleans.

THOMPSON DEAN.....J. H. Pepper, Master.

This Mammoth freight steamer will leave as above on

SATURDAY, 31st inst., at 5 p.m.

For freight only apply to

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
oc30 2t 7½ Madison street.

Regular New Orleans Packet.

RUTH.....Pegram master

This splendid passenger packet will leave as above on

SATURDAY, 31st inst., at 5 p.m.

RICHARD W. LIGHTBURNE, Agent,
oc29 3t 266 Front street.

FOR ST. FRANCIS RIVER.

Regular Tuesday St. Francis River Packet—For Helena, Marianna, Madison, Wittsburg and all Way Landings.

MOLLIE HAMBLETON, T. R. Bowman Master
Sam. C. Paine, Shell and Clark, Clerks.

Will leave Memphis EVERY TUESDAY, at 5 o'clock p.m.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
oc31 1t Star Wharfboat, foot Jefferson st.

"Old Reliable" Memphis and White River U. S. Mail Packet Company, Semi-Weekly Line.

THE splendid side-wheel steamers LIBERTY No. 2, and MAYFLOWER, will form a Semi-Weekly line between Memphis and White River, leaving Memphis every Tuesday and Saturday, at 5 o'clock p.m., connecting at Devall's Bluff with trains of the Little Rock Railroad for Little Rock and Hot Springs. Returning, will leave Jacksonport every Tuesday and Friday at 8 a.m., and Devall's Bluff every Wednesday and Saturday at 12 o'clock m.

JOHN B. DAVIS,
Sup't M. and W. R. Pkt. Co.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
No. 250 Front Row.

Card Rates Memphis and White River Packet Company.

FROM MEMPHIS —TO—	Per 100 pounds.	Dry Barrels	Salt.	Pork	Whisky	Molasses	Corn, Oats and Bran
Des Arc	35	50	40	75	1 00	1 25	35
Augusta, Searcy, Grand Glaize, Jacksonport, Powhattan, Pocahontas	40	60	75	1 00	1 25	1 50	35
	50	75	1 00	1 25	1 50	1 75	40
	75	1 25	1 25	1 50	2 00	2 75	75

And all Way Landings.

JOHN B. DAVIS Superintendent.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
oc29 tf No. 250 Front Row.

Cairo and New Orleans—Illinois Central Railroad Packets.

FALL AND WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

The unsurpassed Passenger Steamers

LADY GAY, Capt. John H. Burke, AND RUTH, Capt. John B. Pegram

Will leave CAIRO FOR NEW ORLEANS on the arrival of 4 p.m. train every SATURDAY, as follows:

LADY GAY—Saturday, September 19; October 3, 17 and 31; November 14 and 28; December 12 and 26.

RUTH—Saturday, September 26; October 10 and 24; November 7 and 21; December 5 and 19.

To secure staterooms, and for further information, apply to

JOHN W. CARROLL, Agent, St. Louis.
CHAS. T. HINDE, Agent, Cairo.
R. W. LIGHTBURNE, Agent, Memphis.
T. B. WOODS, Agent, New Orleans. se18 1m

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Memphis and Little Rock Railroad

To MADISON AND LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Going West—Leave Memphis Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 a.m.

Coming East Leave Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7:30 a.m. Arrive at Memphis at 1 o'clock p.m.

JAS. W. ROBERTSON,
oc2 General Superintendent.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily, (except Sunday)	3:00 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
Accommodation, daily, except Sunday	8:50 a.m.	5:00 p.m.
Freight, (North Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; South, Monday, Wednesday and Friday)	4:15 p.m.	7.00 a.m.

Takes effect Sunday, August 16, 1868.

A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY Gen. Ticket Ag't. au16

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail (daily)	6:20 p.m.	12:40 p.m
Through Express	10:40 p.m.	11:30 p.m
(This train does not leave Saturdays.)		
Corinth Accommodation, daily, (except Sundays)	8:25 a.m.	6:00 a.m
Somerville Accommodation daily (except Sunday)	8:25 a.m.	5:10 p.m

Railroad Time is 20 minutes faster than city time.

Ticket office, 275 Main street and at Depot.

W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express, R. R. time	5:30 a.m.	2:45 p.m
" City time	5:10 a.m.	
Night Express, R. R. time	3:15 p.m.	5:30 a.m
" City time	2:50 p.m.	

HUMBOLDT ACCOMMODATION.

Leave Memphis, Railroad time	4:30 p.m
" City time	4:10 p.m
Arrive	9:20 a.m

Ticket offices No. 227½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.

SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

MEMPHIS, October 31—Yesterday was cloudy and a light, drizzling rain fell all day. It had the appearance of turning cold at dark. The river is unchanged—7 feet water to Cairo is all that can be found; there is to St. Louis 5½ feet is reported. The lower Ohio has not improved by the late attenuated swell in that stream. White river has still plenty of water for the packets, and the Arkansas rejoices in 3 feet to Pine Bluff

Arrivals.

None.

Departures.

Steamer Crescent City, Evansville.
" Natoma, Friars Point.

In Port.

None.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Not an arrival up to dark last night, and things on the river looked quite dreary.

We "prospected" the Mayflower yesterday, and for the first time she fooled us. She had a big trip, which delayed her.

Mike Pyne is again flourishing like a green bay tree. His meat shop, on Promenade street, is an ornament to that part of the levee. Full of energy, with legions of friends, he is bound to rise again despite the elements of wind and water.

On and after Monday the Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company will have a daily line of boats in the trade, leaving here every day in the week except Wednesdays and Sundays. We are rejoiced to know that business with this favorite line is improving so as to justify the additional number of vessels. Capt. Feem Calvert, the Superintendent at this point, who is also agent of the Diamond Line, is entitled to no little praise for affording these extra facilities to travelers and shippers. Fine boats, gentlemanly and accommodating officers, splendid fares and regularity, have ever been characteristic of this line, and we reiterate our delight in its prosperity.

The little propeller Crescent City left yesterday for Evansville with 300 bales of cotton.

A general express cart at Mobile offered to carry all a steamboats freight to its destination in one load provided the boat would lay up and quit. Wallace, don't show your disgust at Alabama river boats in that way.

The Natoma brought up 196 bales of cotton.

The handsome low water packet Ozark, Capt. Blasdell, leaves on Monday for all points on the Arkansas, carrying the U. S. mail.

Nat. Green's famous steamer Mississippi will, we learn by a dispatch to Mart Walt, be here on Sunday night and will back out on Wednesday for New Orleans. She needs no praise, being one of the finest packets afloat.

The leviathan of the Western waters, the monster Thompson Dean, Capt. J. H. Pepper, will pass down on her first trip to-day. She is the "Great Eastern" of river steamers and will make some commotion at our levee. Look out for her. We will inspect her on arrival if we can get a pilot.

The fine steamer Julia will pass down to day for Vicksburg. Capt. Lockhart is master and Andy Isaacs Clerk.

The Minnie, Capt. Doyle, will leave today at 5 p.m. for Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati. She wants cotton and will go through.

The Independent passenger packet Des Arc, Capt. John Elliott, with Matt Glass in the office, leaves on Monday for Jacksonport and way points on White river.

The gallant Mayflower—no descendant or relative of that Puritanical ship which unfortunately lived to reach Plymouth—will back out to-day for all points on White river, connecting at Devall's Bluff with the Little Rock train. Capt. Billy Ashford is master and Charley Smither is her obliging clerk. Her table is unequaled under the supervision of Mr. Simmons.

The well known steamer Commercial will leave on Saturday next for Vicksburg and the bends. John Edson will command and Clay Rice will take charge of the office.

The famous passenger packet Ruth will be found at the levee this morning, loading for New Orleans. She will take cotton through with dispatch and in advance of all competitors. The railroad, Capt. Pegram is master of the amiable Ruth, and backs her out at 5 p.m. today.

The City of Alton comes to us again as a regular packet, and leaves this evening at four o'clock for Cairo and St. Louis. She connects with trains for the North and East, and is one of our finest local packets. Capt Bill Thompson, who is not excelled upon the river in all the requisites of a No. 1 officer, has charge of her, and Mr. Jim White is her able secretary.

The W. R. Cartar is now being wrecked. Many hearts in this city are still sad on account of the death of loved ones by the explosion of the Carter's engines.—[*Louisville Journal.*

We thought it was her boilers that exploded? Vischer.

The steamer Lily, with a cargo of government stores for Fort Sully, Upper Missouri, was sunk at Rush Bottom last Saturday. Boat and cargo are a total loss. She was worth $20 000, and was insured for $6000 in Cincinnati and Eastern offices. Her cargo was consigned to the Indian Agent, and is not insured. The boat belonged to Capt. Tyler, of St. Louis.

The Allena May was sold by United States Marshal Rowley, at Pittsburg, on Monday, for $3100.

The Silver Moon, which left here some days ago, left Cairo Thursday night for Cincinnati. She took several barges along to lighter.

The New Orleans *Times* says the steamer National, which left there on Friday last for the wreck of the Quitman, returned next evening, bringing down the cabin furniture and sundry articles, besides 804 bales of her cotton, 400 of which were in a damaged condition.

Regular Memphis and Vicksburg United States Mail Packets.

THE ELEGANT STEAMER

COMMERCIAL

CAPTAIN JOHN EDSON,

WILL leave Memphis on SATURDAY, November 7th, for Vicksburg and the Bends, and will continue regularly in the trade leaving here every Saturday, and Vicksburg for Memphis every Tuesday. Strict attention will be paid to all way business in the Bends.

LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
oc31 tf 250 Front street.

TRANSPORTATION.

Quickest Route to New York

—AND ALL—

PRINCIPAL NORTHERN CITIES

—IS BY THE—

Memphis & Louisville R. R. Line.

Fall Schedule, September 13, 1868

Double Daily Through Trains

RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Memphis (city time)	5:10 a.m.	2:55 p.m.
Leave Memphis (railroad time)	5:30 a.m.	3:15 p.m.
Arrive at Louisville	4:00 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
" Indianapolis	10:00 a.m.	6:00 p.m.
" Cincinnati	12 noon.	11:35 p.m.
" Cleveland	2:50 p.m.	6:25 a.m.
" Buffalo	5:20 a.m.	1:35 p.m.
" Niagara Falls	10:00 a.m.	4:30 p.m.
" Pittsburg	2:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
" Baltimore	6:30 p.m.	4:20 a.m
" Washington	10:00 p.m.	5:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	6:10 p.m.	1:25 a.m.
" New York	7:40 p.m.	5:00 a.m.
" Boston	12 night.	4:00 p.m.

Both Trains connect for Nashville.

The 5:15 p.m. connects for Cairo and St. Louis, arriving at St. Louis at 1:30 p.m. next day.

Through Tickets at Reduced Rates,

Can be procured at the Company's Office, 232½ Main street, and at Depot, head of Main street.

☞ Baggage Checked at Depot or by the Memphis City Transfer Company; at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats, to all principal points East and North.

SAM. B. JONES, Superintendent.
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. sep1

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD.

Open to Madison

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMber 2, 1868, the train on the Eastern Division of this Road will run regularly as follows:

Going West—Leaves Hopefield Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7:30 a.m., and arrive at Madison at 1 o'clock p.m.

Coming East—Leaves Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a.m.; arrive at Hopefield at 1 o'clock p.m., and Memphis at 4:30 p.m.

The ferryboat Nevada leaves the foot of Union street at 7 a.m.

Tickets for sale at all the Railroad Ticket offices in the city.

Freights for Madison or way stations received by P. M. Patterson & Co., at their Wharf-boat, foot of Union street.

Freight to Way Stations must be prepaid.

☞ Office of Road, No. 12 Jefferson street.

au29 tf J. W. ROBERTSON, Gen. Sup't.

Mississippi and Tennessee R. R.

Fast Freight Line to New Orleans.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made with the Mississippi Central, and New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroads, by which Freight can be shipped through to New Orleans Without Change of Cars or Transfer.

Freight Delivered in New Orleans Within 48 Hours.

The attention of COTTON BUYERS is especially called to the advantages of this Line, as offering extra inducements in point of time, and in the condition of the Cotton when delivered.

Through Rates Given and Guaranteed.

For further information apply to H. G. PATTERSON, Agent for the Line, at 237½ Main street, or of J. M. PAMPLIN, Agent at the Depot.

A. S. LIVERMORE,
oc16 2w General Superintendent.

THROUGH COTTON ROUTE.

Shortest, Quickest, Best---Via Memphis and Charleston Railroad and its Connections.

☞ RATE ON COTTON PER 100 LBS.

From Memphis	Via Norfolk.		Via Charleston.	
	Comp.	Uncomp.	Comp.	Uncomp.
New York	$1 50	$1 65	$1 30	$1 65
Boston	1 38	1 75	—	—
Providence	1 38	1 75	—	—
Philadelphia	1 22	1 55	1 22	1 55
Baltimore	1 14	1 45	1 14	1 45
Petersburg and Richmond	92	1 17	—	—
Norfolk	1 00	1 22	—	—
Charleston	—	—	85	1 25

This line gives Shippers advantage of TWO ROUTES.

For through Bills Lading or information apply to H. TALLY, General Agent, 278 Main street, or A. J. LOWE, Agent at Depot. Claims for LOSS OR DAMAGE PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.

W. J. ROSS, General Superintendent, Memphis and Charleston R. R.

JOS. C. LOPEZ, General Freight Agent, Memphis and Charleston R. R. oct10

Regular Cairo, Memphis and New Orleans Packets.

THE ELEGANT STEAMERS

SUTH.....Captain Rush Pegram.

—AND—

LADY GAY...Captain John Burke.

One of the above packets will leave Memphis for New Orleans every SATURDAY, at 5 p.m., or on the arrival of the train.

RICHARD W. LIGHTBURNE Agent,
oc28 1w 266 Front street.

MEMPHIS & ARKANSAS RIVER

Packet Comp'y.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that an organization has been effected under a charter granted by the Legislature of Tennessee, November 17, 1866, entitled "An Act to incorporate the Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company."

JOHN D. ADAMS,
I. M. TERRETTS,
JAMES LAWSON,
S. L. AYRES,
HARRISON BLASDEL, } Directors.

The Line of Boats known as the "Memphis and Arkansas River U. S. Mail Packet Company," is merged in the chartered company.

JOHN D. ADAMS, President.
J. M. TERRETTS, Secretary.

☞ The following boats will each make a trip a week until the new boats of the Company, now being built, are finished; leaving MEMPHIS as heretofore, on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 5 o'clock p.m:

Thursday, St'er W. A. Caldwell, "Haines Master.

Monday, Steamer Ozark, Rowland, Master.

Connecting at Little Rock with the steamers Van Buren, Fort Smith and American, for all points above, as high as Fort Gibson.

From the 1st to the 10th of November the new boats will be finished, and the Company will then run four boats from Memphis through to Fort Smith, giving direct communication with all points on the river, the Arkansas river now being in good navigable condition. Passengers and freight are put through to all points on the river without delay, and at reasonable rates.

All persons shipping freight for any point on the Arkansas river from North or East of Memphis, should have their goods consigned to JNO. D. ADAMS, Memphis. Merchandise shipped from New Orleans should be consigned to W. W. JOHNSON, Napoleon, Ark.

JNO. D. ADAMS, President.
T. A. KENDIG, Agent,
sep26 304 Front street, Mosby Block.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packets,

MAGENTA

Capt. J. FRANK HICKS; Clerk, JOHN BROOKS

MISSISSIPPI,

Capt. NAT. S. GREEN; Clerk, S. COOK CREIGHTON

ONE of these fine Packets will leave Memphis for New Orleans

Every Wednesday, Commencing on September 16th, and every Wednesday thereafter throughout the Season.

Their Cotton capacity is unsurpassed, while in all things necessary to make up splendid Passenger Packets, they are unequaled upon the river.

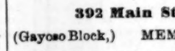
MART WALT & CO., Agents,
No. 272 Front street.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
No. 250 Front Row.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
au15 tf Star Wharfboat, foot Jefferson st.

MUSICAL.

LARGEST, BEST AND CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT OF

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

317 | F. KATZENBACH, | 317



MAIN STREET,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

Sole Agent for Steinway & Sons and other First-class Piano-makers. Also for Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs, and their cheaper Metropolitan Organs, suitable for Church and Parlor.

EVERY INSTRUMENT GUARANTEED for from 5 to 10 years.

Good Second-hand Pianos from $100 to $300.

SHEET MUSIC and Musical Merchandise generally.

Frames made to order.

Send for Descriptive Catalogue and Price List. oc22

WINES AND LIQUORS.

ALGEO & CO.,

[Successors to SMITH & LEECH,]

Rectifiers, Wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors,

No. 342 SECOND STREET,

Memphis, - - - Tennessee.

OUR apparatus for the rectification of spirits is all new—the most complete and extensive of any establishment west of New York. We are now prepared to furnish a first-class article of

PURE SPIRITS,
COLOGNE SPIRITS,
ALCOHOL, Full Strength.

A full supply of low grades Whiskies always on hand at lowest rates. Also a full line of Copper Distilled and Bourbon Whiskies, to which we call the attention of Wholesale Buyers. oc18

GROCERS.

J. P. COFFIN, CHAS. COFFIN,
Late with Toof, Phillips & Co., HECTOR COFFIN.

COFFIN BROS.,

DEALERS IN

Choice Groceries,

392 Main Street,

(Gayoso Block,) MEMPHIS, TENN.

JUST receiving, fresh assortments of all leading Goods in their line.

Shaker Preserves, Jellies—assorted;
Golden Syrup Family Syrup, Sugar House Molasses;
Coffees—Rio, Laguayra, Java and Mocha;
The fine ... the market;
Mackerel ... f No. 1 Salmon in kits and Pickerel, White Fish, Codfish, in bulk, and Desiccated;
Choice Lard in caddies and in Tin Cans, 10 lbs., 20 lbs. and 40 lbs.

N. B.—Goods delivered free of charge to any part of the city. oc23

LUMBER, ETC.

Lumber, Lumber.

OLDEST lumber merchants in the South and in the city. Yard established in Memphis 1847. Building Material of all kinds. Dressed and rough Flooring, Doors, Shingles, Ceiling, Blinds, Laths, Weatherboarding, Glazed Sash, Fencing. We don't intend to be undersold. Yard and office foot Washington street, near river.

sep18 tf&sun6m M. E. & J. W. COCHRAN.

PLANING MILL AND LUMBER YARD.

CUBBINS, CUNN & COOVER

161, 163 and 165 Washington St.,

MEMPHIS, : TENNESSEE.

BUILDING AND FRAMING LUMBER OF all kinds. Sash, Doors, Blinds, Newel Post and Caps, Balusters and Railing, Lattice, Palings, Lath, Shingles, and a choice lot of seasoned Oak, Walnut, Cypress, Yellow Pine and Poplar, Flooring, Ceiling and Weather Boarding, for

Sale Cheaper than ever Offered Before.

☞ Planing, Turning, Scroll Sawing, Tenoning and Morticing, done to order. sep16 2m

CINCINNATI.

ESTABLISHED 1837.

PROCTOR & GAMBLE

CINCINNATI.

SOAP, CANDLES, OILS,

Starch, Toilet Soaps, Refiners of Lard.

☞ Candles SOLD BY ACTUAL WEIGHT. Send for Price List. oc22 3m

JOHN DUBOIS, JAS. S. AUGUR, W. H. WILLIAMS

DUBOIS & AUGUR,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND DEALERS IN

PLANTATION SUPPLIES

47 Race Street, Cincinnati.

sep9 3m

E. O. HURD. BURCKHARDT & CO.

E. O. HURD & CO.,

Cotton Commission Merchants

No. 101 Sycamore Street, Cincinnati.

LIBERAL advances made on consignments. Orders for Goods solicited. sep6 1y

TRUST SALE.

Marshal's Sale.

Wm. Cornwall vs. Amelia Cornwall. In Chancery, No. 21,206.

BY virtue of a decree of the Louisville Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1868,

About the hour of 11 o'clock a.m., sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at the courthouse of this county, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of six, twelve and eighteen months, for equal instalments of the purchase money, all that tract or parcel of land, lying and situated in the city of Louisville and state of Kentucky, beginning at the northwest corner of Washington and Perry streets; thence running northwardly with Perry street 477 feet to Bearing's creek or Water street; thence with said creek or Water street westwardly 113 feet to an alley; thence northwardly with said alley 477 feet to Washington street; thence eastwardly with Washington street 113 feet to the beginning, together with all the machinery, engines, fixtures, tanks, tubs, etc., used with and in said property known as the Tallow and Soap Factory of Cornwall & Bro.

The purchaser will be required to give bond with approved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security.

P. C. WELMAN,
Marshal Louisville Chancery Court.

I. P. WETHERBY, C. B. SHEPHERD, } Deputies.

oc28 tds

TRUSTEE SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed by Wm D. Fly on the 30th day of March, A D 1859, to John H. Trotter, Trustee, to secure the payment of certain promissory notes payable as follows, to wit: One note for six thousand dollars, one payable to Catherine P. Freeman on the 30th day of January, A.D. 1860, with ten percent. interest from date, and dated the 30th of March, A.D. 1859. One note of the same date for six thousand six hundred 66 100 dollars, payable to Catherine P. Freeman on 30th day of March, A.D. 1861, with legal interest from date. And one note of same date for six thousand six hundred 66 100 dollars, payable to Catherine P. Freeman with legal interest from date. Said Deed of Trust is recorded in the Probate Clerk's office of Tunica county, State of Mississippi, in Book E, of the record of deeds for said county, page 341. And by virtue of, and in pursuance of a decree of the Chancery Court of said Tunica county, made at the April term thereof, A.D. 1868, investing myself with the powers of Trustee in said Deed of Trust, the death of the said Jno. D. Trotter, Trustee as aforesaid, having been suggested to said Chancery Court, I will, on the

28th Day of December, A.D. 1868,

At the courthouse door in the town of Austin in the county of Tunica, State of Mississippi proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash the following lands as described in said Deed of Trust, as follows, to wit: All of section seven (7) of Township (4) of Range eleven, (11), west lying and being in said Tunica county and State of Mississippi. Sale within lawful hours. Title supposed to be good, but I will sell only as Trustee.

J. F. SAMPLE, Trustee.
October 15, 1868. oc27 tds

W. J. JOHNSON,

—GENERAL—

Freight and Steamboat Agent,

sep 1 tf No. 7½ Madison Street.

COTTON---COMMISSION

NEWTON FORD, D. T. PORTER,
Formerly of F. Lane & Co., Late Porter & Macrae
H. FURSTENHEIM, Late of Porter & Co.

NEWTON FORD & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Grocers & Commission Merchants

No. 17 Union Street,

LEE BLOCK, - - MEMPHIS, TENN

☞ Mr. FORD will give special attention to Cotton and other Produce cons